UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

		FORM 10-Q	
⊠ Q∪	UARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECT	TION 13 OR 15(d) OF	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.
	For the quar	terly period ended Septem	ber 30, 2021
	•	OR	,
□ ТБ	RANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECT	TION 13 OR 15(d) OF	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.
_	For the transition	on period from	to
	Com	nmission File Number 1-38	962
		SERV, IN	
	Wisconsin (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)		39-1506125 (I. R. S. Employer Identification No.)
		serv Drive, Brookfield, WI Principal Executive Offices and	
	(Registrant's	(262) 879-5000 Telephone Number, Including	Area Code)
Securities regi	istered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act		
	Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
	Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	FISV	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC
	0.375% Senior Notes due 2023	FISV23	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC
	1.125% Senior Notes due 2027	FISV27	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC
	1.625% Senior Notes due 2030	FISV30	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC
	2.250% Senior Notes due 2025	FISV25	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC
	3.000% Senior Notes due 2031	FISV31	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC
	r such shorter period that the registrant was required to file su		3 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 n subject to such filing requirements for the past 90
•	neck mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was	•	required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during s). Yes ⊠ No □

2	2	,	ny," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act
Large accelerated filer	\boxtimes	Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
		Emerging growth company	
0 00 1	any, indicate by check mark if the ed pursuant to Section 13(a) of the	_	ended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial
Indicate by check mark whet	her the registrant is a shell compar	ny (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exch	nange Act). Yes □ No ⊠
As of October 22, 2021, ther	e were 660,231,928 shares of com	mon stock, \$.01 par value, of the registra	ant outstanding.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiserv, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Income (In millions, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Revenue:									
Processing and services (1)	\$	3,407	\$	3,153	\$	9,822	\$	9,118	
Product		756		633		2,147		1,902	
Total revenue		4,163		3,786		11,969		11,020	
Expenses:									
Cost of processing and services		1,530		1,387		4,425		4,488	
Cost of product		521		481		1,500		1,467	
Selling, general and administrative		1,476		1,412		4,289		4,193	
Gain on sale of businesses		_		(36)				(464)	
Total expenses		3,527		3,244		10,214		9,684	
Operating income		636		542		1,755		1,336	
Interest expense, net		(172)		(174)		(523)		(535)	
Other income		14		13		36		34	
Income before income taxes and income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates		478		381		1,268		835	
Income tax provision		(54)		(124)		(300)		(176)	
Income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates		22		19		80		3	
Net income		446		276		1,048		662	
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests		18		12		47		4	
Net income attributable to Fiserv, Inc.	\$	428	\$	264	\$	1,001	\$	658	
		0.0		0.00	•		•	0.00	
Net income attributable to Fisery, Inc. per share – basic	\$	0.65	\$	0.39	\$	1.51	\$	0.98	
Net income attributable to Fiserv, Inc. per share – diluted	\$	0.64	\$	0.39	\$	1.49	\$	0.96	
Shares used in computing net income attributable to Fiserv, Inc. per share:									
Basic		661.4		669.8		664.6		672.6	
Diluted		669.7		680.3		674.1		684.1	

⁽¹⁾ Includes processing and other fees charged to related party investments accounted for under the equity method of \$46 million and \$62 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$160 million and \$174 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 18).

Fisery, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(In millions) (Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Mon Septen		
		2021		2020		2021	_	2020
Net income	\$	446	\$	276	\$	1,048	\$	662
Other comprehensive income (loss):								
Fair market value adjustment on cash flow hedges, net of income tax provision of \$1 million, \$2 million, \$1 million and \$0 million		3		6		4		1
Reclassification adjustment for net realized gains on cash flow hedges included in cost of processing and services, net of income tax benefit of \$1 million, \$0 million, \$2 million and \$0 million	(2) —				(6)		_	
Reclassification adjustment for net realized losses on cash flow hedges included in net interest expense, net of income tax provision of \$2 million, \$1 million, \$4 million and \$4 million		4		4		12		12
Unrealized gain on defined benefit pension plans, net of income tax provision of \$0 million		_		_		1		_
Foreign currency translation		(349)		(180)		(298)		(636)
Total other comprehensive loss		(344)		(170)		(287)		(623)
Comprehensive income	\$	102	\$	106	\$	761	\$	39
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests		18		12		47		4
Less: other comprehensive (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(18)		17		(25)		28
Comprehensive income attributable to Fiserv, Inc.	\$	102	\$	77	\$	739	\$	7

Fisery, Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In millions) (Unaudited)

	Sep	otember 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	933	\$ 906
Trade accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts		2,793	2,482
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,455	1,310
Settlement assets		13,244	11,521
Total current assets		18,425	16,219
Property and equipment, net		1,717	1,628
Customer relationships, net		10,347	11,603
Other intangible assets, net		3,921	3,755
Goodwill		36,303	36,322
Contract costs, net		782	692
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates		2,602	2,756
Other long-term assets		1,670	1,644
Total assets	\$	75,767	\$ 74,619
Liabilities and Equity			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	3,340	\$ 3,186
Short-term and current maturities of long-term debt	·	449	384
Contract liabilities		529	546
Settlement obligations		13,244	11,521
Total current liabilities		17,562	15,637
Long-term debt		20,540	20,300
Deferred income taxes		4,113	4,389
Long-term contract liabilities		204	187
Other long-term liabilities		764	777
Total liabilities		43,183	41,290
Commitments and Contingencies (see Note 17)		15,105	11,250
Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests		260	259
Fisery, Inc. Shareholders' Equity:		200	207
Preferred stock, no par value: 25 million shares authorized; none issued		_	_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value: 1,800 million shares authorized; 784 million and 789 million shares issued, respectively		8	8
Additional paid-in capital		22,974	23,643
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(649)	(387)
Retained earnings		14,442	13,441
Treasury stock, at cost, 124 million and 121 million shares		(5,179)	(4,375)
Total Fisery, Inc. shareholders' equity		31,596	32,330
Noncontrolling interests		728	740
Total equity		32,324	33,070
Total liabilities and equity	\$	75,767	\$ 74,619
Total Informació and equity	D	13,101	φ /4,019

Fiserv, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In millions) (Unaudited)

> Nine Months Ended September 30.

	 September 30,				
	2021		2020		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income	\$ 1,048	\$	662		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and other amortization	861		833		
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets	1,554		1,603		
Amortization of financing costs and debt discounts	41		36		
Share-based compensation	190		286		
Deferred income taxes	(266)		(125)		
Gain on sale of businesses	_		(464)		
Income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates	(80)		(3)		
Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates	17		12		
Non-cash impairment charges	6		44		
Other operating activities	(26)		(4)		
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions and dispositions:					
Trade accounts receivable	(298)		460		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(242)		(150)		
Contract costs	(210)		(229)		
Accounts payable and other liabilities	97		34		
Contract liabilities	(1)		(34)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	 2,691		2,961		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Capital expenditures, including capitalized software and other intangibles	(814)		(689)		
Proceeds from sale of businesses	`		578		
Payments for acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	(495)		(137)		
Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates	91		94		
Purchases of investments	(250)				
Proceeds from sale of investments	503		_		
Net cash used in investing activities	 (965)	_	(154)		
Cash flows from financing activities:	 (* * * *)		(,		
Debt proceeds	5,177		8,125		
Debt repayments	(6,515)		(9,307)		
Net proceeds from (repayments of) commercial paper and short-term borrowings	1.388		(28)		
Payments of debt financing costs	-,,,,,,		(16)		
Proceeds from issuance of treasury stock	105		108		
Purchases of treasury stock, including employee shares withheld for tax obligations	(1,768)		(1,612)		
Distributions paid to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests	(41)		(61)		
Payments of acquisition-related contingent consideration	(36)		(01)		
Other financing activities	(2)		6		
Net cash used in financing activities	 (1,692)		(2,785)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	 (11)		,		
	 . ,		(4)		
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	23		18		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning balance	919	_	933		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, ending balance	\$ 942	\$	951		

Fisery, Inc. **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements have been included. Such adjustments consisted of normal recurring items. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. The consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes are presented as permitted by Form 10-Q and do not contain certain information included in the annual consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes of Fisery, Inc. (the "Company"). These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Fisery, Inc. and its subsidiaries in which the Company holds a controlling financial interest. All intercompany transactions and balances between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation. Control is normally established when ownership and voting interests in an entity are greater than 50%. Investments in which the Company has significant influence but not control are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, for which the Company's share of net income or loss is reported within income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates and the related tax expense or benefit is reported within the income tax provision in the consolidated statements of income. Significant influence over an affiliate's operations generally coincides with an ownership interest in an entity of between 20% and 50%.

The Company maintains a majority controlling interest in certain entities, mostly related to consolidated merchant alliances (see Note 18). Noncontrolling interests represent the minority shareholders' share of the net income or loss and equity in consolidated subsidiaries. The Company's noncontrolling interests presented in the consolidated statements of income include net income attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests. Noncontrolling interests are presented as a component of equity in the consolidated balance sheets. Noncontrolling interests that are redeemable upon the occurrence of an event that is not solely within the Company's control are presented outside of equity and are carried at their estimated redemption value if it exceeds the initial carrying value of the redeemable interest (see Note 9).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S.") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Risks and Uncertainties

Since early 2020, the world has been, and continues to be, impacted by the novel strain of the coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic, and various measures imposed by the governments of many countries, states, cities and other geographic regions to prevent its spread, have negatively impacted global economic and market conditions, including levels of consumer and business spending. Consequently, the Company's operating performance, primarily within its merchant acquiring and paymentrelated businesses, which earn transaction-based fees, has been adversely affected, and may continue to be adversely affected, by the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Company has continued to assess the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on its consolidated financial statements and has determined that there have been no material changes to the significant accounting policies, including estimates and assumptions made by management, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Company will continue to monitor developments related to the COVID-19 pandemic; however, the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may impact the Company's future operational and financial performance remains uncertain and cannot be predicted. Changing conditions may also affect the estimates and assumptions made by management and may result in an impairment or other charge that, if incurred, could have a material adverse impact on the Company's results of operations, total assets and total equity in the period recognized. Events and changes in circumstances arising subsequent to September 30, 2021, including those resulting from the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, will be reflected in management's estimates for future periods.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost in the consolidated balance sheets, which approximates market value. Cash and cash equivalents that were restricted from use due to regulatory or other requirements are included in other long-term assets in the consolidated balance sheets and totaled \$9 million and \$13 million at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company analyzes the collectability of trade accounts receivable by considering historical bad debts, client creditworthiness, current economic trends, changes in client payment terms and collection trends when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts. Any change in the assumptions used in analyzing a specific account receivable may result in an additional allowance for doubtful accounts being recognized in the period in which the change occurs. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$50 million and \$48 million at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Settlement Assets and Obligations

Settlement assets and obligations result from timing differences between collection and fulfillment of payment transactions primarily associated with the Company's merchant acquiring services. Settlement assets represent cash received or amounts receivable from agents, payment networks, bank partners or directly from consumers. Settlement obligations represent amounts payable to merchants and payees. Certain merchant settlement assets that relate to settlement obligations are held by partner banks to which the Company does not have legal ownership but has the right to use the assets to satisfy the related settlement obligations. The Company records settlement obligations for amounts payable to merchants and for outstanding payment instruments issued to payees that have not yet been presented for settlement.

Allowance for Merchant Credit Losses

With respect to the Company's merchant acquiring business, the Company's merchant customers have the legal obligation to refund any charges properly reversed by the cardholder. However, in the event the Company is not able to collect the refunded amounts from the merchants, the Company may be liable for the reversed charges. The Company's risk in this area primarily relates to situations where the cardholder has purchased goods or services to be delivered in the future. The Company requires cash deposits, guarantees, letters of credit or other types of collateral from certain merchants to minimize this obligation. Collateral held by the Company is classified within settlement assets and the obligation to repay the collateral is classified within settlement obligations in the consolidated balance sheets. The Company also utilizes a number of systems and procedures to manage merchant credit risk. Despite these efforts, the Company experiences some level of losses due to merchant defaults.

The aggregate merchant credit loss expense, recognized by the Company within cost of processing and services in the consolidated statements of income, wasnot significant for the three months ended September 30, 2021. The Company recognized aggregate merchant credit loss expense of \$35 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020. The Company recognized aggregate merchant credit loss expense of \$31 million and \$89 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The amount of collateral held by the Company was \$2.6 billion and \$1.2 billion at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. The Company maintains an allowance for merchant credit losses that are expected to exceed the amount of collateral held. The allowance includes estimated losses from anticipated chargebacks and fraud events that have been incurred on merchants' payment transactions that have been processed but not yet reported to the Company, which is recorded within accounts payable and accrued expenses in the consolidated balance sheets, as well as estimated losses on refunded amounts to cardholders that have not yet been collected from the merchants, which is recorded within prepaid expenses and other current assets in the consolidated balance sheets. The allowance is based primarily on the Company's historical experience of credit losses and other relevant factors such as changes in economic conditions or increases in merchant fraud. The aggregate merchant credit loss allowance was \$45 million and \$59 million at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of purchase price over the fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination. The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment on an annual basis, or more frequently if circumstances indicate possible impairment. Goodwill is tested for impairment at a reporting unit level, which is one level below the Company's reportable segments. The Company's most recent annual impairment assessment of its reporting units in the fourth quarter of 2020 determined that its goodwill was not impaired as the estimated fair values exceeded the carrying values. However, it is reasonably possible that future developments related to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on certain of the Company's businesses acquired and recorded at fair value through the acquisition of First Data Corporation

("First Data") in July 2019, such as an increased duration and intensity of the pandemic and/or government-imposed shutdowns, prolonged economic downturn or recession, or lack of governmental support for recovery, could have a future material impact on one or more of the estimates and assumptions used to evaluate goodwill impairment. There is no accumulated goodwill impairment for the Company through September 30, 2021.

Other Investments

The Company maintains investments in various equity securities without a readily determinable fair value. Such investments totaled \$5 million and \$160 million at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively, and are included within other long-term assets in the consolidated balance sheets. The Company reviews these investments each reporting period to determine whether an impairment or observable price change for the investment has occurred. To the extent such events or changes occur, the Company evaluates the fair value compared to its cost basis in the investment. Gains or losses from a sale of these investments or a change in fair value are included within other income in the consolidated statements of income for the period. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company remeasured its equity interest in Ondot Systems, Inc. ("Ondot") to fair value upon acquiring a remaining ownership interest in January 2021, resulting in the recognition of a pre-tax gain of \$12 million (see Note 4). Other adjustments made to the values recorded for certain equity securities and gains and losses from sales of equity securities during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, were not significant.

Interest Expense, Net

Interest expense, net consists of interest expense primarily associated with the Company's outstanding borrowings and finance lease obligations, as well as interest income primarily associated with the Company's investment securities. Interest expense, net consisted of the following:

		onths Ended ember 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,						
(In millions)	2021	2020	2021	2020					
Interest expense	\$ 17	\$ \$ 176	\$ 526	\$ 541					
Interest income		. 2	3	6					
Interest expense, net	\$ 17	\$ 174	\$ 523	\$ 535					

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2020-01, Investments - Equity Securities (Topic 321), Investments - Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323), and Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Clarifying the Interactions between Topic 321, Topic 323, and Topic 815 ("ASU 2020-01"), which clarifies certain interactions between the guidance to account for certain equity securities, investments under the equity method of accounting, and forward contracts or purchased options to purchase securities under Topic 321, Topic 323 and Topic 815. For public entities, ASU 2020-01 is effective for fiscal years, including interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2020. The Company adopted ASU 2020-01 effective January 1, 2021, and the adoption did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In 2019, the FASB issued ASU No. 2019-12, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes* ("ASU 2019-12"), which introduces a number of amendments that are designed to simplify the application of accounting for income taxes. Such amendments include removing certain exceptions for intraperiod tax allocation, interim reporting when a year-to-date loss exceeds the anticipated loss, reflecting the effect of an enacted change in tax laws or rates in the annual effective tax rate and recognition of deferred taxes related to outside basis differences for ownership changes in investments. ASU 2019-12 also provides clarification related to when a step up in the tax basis of goodwill should be considered part of the business combination in which the book goodwill was originally recognized and when it should be considered a separate transaction. In addition, ASU 2019-12 provides guidance on the recognition of a franchise tax (or similar tax) that is partially based on income as an income-based tax and accounting for any incremental amount incurred as a non-income-based tax. For public entities, ASU 2019-12 is effective for fiscal years, including interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2020, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted ASU 2019-12 effective January 1, 2021, and the adoption did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326) ("ASU 2016-13" or "CECL"), which prescribes an impairment model for most financial instruments based on expected losses rather than incurred losses. Under this model, an estimate of expected credit losses over the contractual life of the instrument is to be recorded as of the end of a reporting period as an allowance to offset the amortized cost basis, resulting in a net presentation of the amount expected to

be collected on the financial instrument. For public entities, ASU 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years, including interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. For most instruments, entities must apply the standard using a cumulative-effect adjustment to beginning retained earnings as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption.

The Company adopted ASU 2016-13 effective January 1, 2020 using the required modified retrospective approach, which resulted in a cumulative-effect decrease to beginning retained earnings of \$45 million. Financial assets and liabilities held by the Company subject to the "expected credit loss" model prescribed by CECL include trade and other receivables, net investments in leases, settlement assets and other credit exposures such as financial guarantees not accounted for as insurance.

3. Revenue Recognition

The Company generates revenue from the delivery of processing, service and product solutions. Revenue is measured based on consideration specified in a contract with a customer, and excludes any amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control over a product or service to a customer which may be at a point in time or over time.

Disaggregation of Revenue

The Company's operations are comprised of the Merchant Acceptance ("Acceptance") segment, the Financial Technology ("Fintech") segment and the Payments and Network ("Payments") segment. Additional information regarding the Company's business segments is included in Note 19. The tables below present the Company's revenue disaggregated by type of revenue, including a reconciliation with its reportable segments. The majority of the Company's revenue is earned domestically, with revenue generated outside the U.S. comprising approximately 14% of total revenue for each of the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, and 14% and 13% of total revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

(In millions)	Reportable Segments									
Three Months Ended September 30, 2021	Acceptance Fintech Payments			Corporate and Other			Total			
Type of Revenue										
Processing	\$	1,446	\$	389	\$	1,132	\$	4	\$	2,971
Hardware, print and card production		232		10		236		_		478
Professional services		12		124		66		_		202
Software maintenance		_		139		2		_		141
License and termination fees		12		45		16		_		73
Output solutions postage		_		_		_		209		209
Other		14		54		19		2		89
Total Revenue	\$	1,716	\$	761	\$	1,471	\$	215	\$	4,163

(In millions)	Reportable Segments							
Three Months Ended September 30, 2020	A	cceptance		Fintech	Payn	nents	Corporate and Other	 Total
Type of Revenue								
Processing	\$	1,245	\$	364	\$	1,112	\$ 9	\$ 2,730
Hardware, print and card production		179		12		176	_	367
Professional services		9		120		59	_	188
Software maintenance		_		141		1	_	142
License and termination fees		7		41		21	_	69
Output solutions postage		_		_		_	207	207
Other		14		49		18	2	83
Total Revenue	\$	1,454	\$	727	\$	1,387	\$ 218	\$ 3,786

(In millions) Reportable Segments										
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021		Acceptance	otance Fintech Payments			Corporate and Other			Total	
Type of Revenue										
Processing	\$	4,044	\$	1,152	\$	3,331	\$	26	\$	8,553
Hardware, print and card production		636		33		667		_		1,336
Professional services		30		350		195		_		575
Software maintenance		_		417		6		_		423
License and termination fees		33		133		43		_		209
Output solutions postage		_		_		_		616		616
Other		36		166		55		_		257
Total Revenue	\$	4,779	\$	2,251	\$	4,297	\$	642	\$	11,969

I	Reportable Segment				
Acceptance Fintech Payments		Corporate and Other	Total		
3,466	\$ 1,064	\$ 3,265	\$ 47	\$ 7,842	
531	33	528	_	1,092	
20	347	174	1	542	
_	423	2	2	427	
19	139	61	_	219	
_	_	_	640	640	
42	153	63		258	
4,078	\$ 2,159	\$ 4,093	\$ 690	\$ 11,020	
	3,466 531 20 — 19 —	Acceptance Fintech 3,466 \$ 1,064 531 33 20 347 — 423 19 139 — — 42 153	3,466 \$ 1,064 \$ 3,265 531 33 528 20 347 174 — 423 2 19 139 61 — — — 42 153 63	Acceptance Fintech Payments Corporate and Other 3,466 \$ 1,064 \$ 3,265 \$ 47 531 33 528 — 20 347 174 1 — 423 2 2 19 139 61 — — — 640 42 153 63 —	

Contract Balances

The following table provides information about contract assets and contract liabilities from contracts with customers:

(In millions)	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Contract assets	531	\$ 433
Contract liabilities	733	733

Contract assets, reported within other long-term assets in the consolidated balance sheets, primarily result from revenue being recognized where payment is contingent upon the transfer of services to a customer over the contractual period. Contract liabilities primarily relate to advance consideration received from customers (deferred revenue) for which transfer of control occurs, and therefore revenue is recognized, as services are provided. Contract balances are reported in a net contract asset or liability position on a contract-by-contract basis at the end of each reporting period. The Company recognized \$469 million of revenue during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period.

Transaction Price Allocated to Remaining Performance Obligations

The following table includes estimated processing, services and product revenue expected to be recognized in the future related to performance obligations that were unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) at September 30, 2021:

(In millions)

Year Ending December 31,	
Remainder of 2021	\$ 550
2022	1,997
2023	1,675
2024	1,288
Thereafter	2,216

The Company applies the optional exemption under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606 ("ASC 606") and does not disclose information about remaining performance obligations for account- and transaction-based processing fees that qualify for recognition under the as-invoiced practical expedient. These multi-year contracts contain variable consideration for stand-ready performance obligations for which the exact quantity and mix of transactions to be processed are contingent upon the customer's request. The Company also applies the optional exemptions under ASC 606 and does not disclose information for variable consideration that is a sales-based or usage-based royalty promised in exchange for a license of intellectual property or that is allocated entirely to a wholly unsatisfied performance obligation or to a wholly unsatisfied promise to transfer a distinct good or service in a series. The amounts disclosed above as remaining performance obligations consist primarily of fixed or monthly minimum processing fees and maintenance fees under contracts with an original expected duration of greater than one year.

4. Acquisitions and Dispositions

Acquisition of Pineapple Payments

On May 4, 2021, the Company acquired Pineapple Payments Holdings, LLC ("Pineapple Payments"), an independent sales organization that provides payment processing, proprietary technology, and payment acceptance solutions for merchants, for approximately \$207 million, net of \$6 million of acquired cash, and including earn-out provisions estimated at a fair value of \$30 million (see Note 6). Pineapple Payments is included within the Acceptance segment, and expands the reach of the Company's payment solutions through its technology- and relationship-led distribution channels.

During the three months ended September 30, 2021, the Company identified and recorded measurement period adjustments to the preliminary Pineapple Payments purchase price allocation, which were the result of additional analysis performed and information identified based on facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date. These measurement period adjustments resulted in a decrease to goodwill of \$42 million. The offsetting amounts to the change in goodwill were related to an increase in identifiable intangible assets, including customer relationships and residual buyout intangible assets, of \$46 million and a decrease in other net assets of \$4 million. The Company recorded measurement period adjustments to the identifiable intangible assets as a result of additional refinements to valuations, including estimated future cash flows. Such measurement period adjustments did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated statements of income. The updated preliminary purchase price allocation resulted in the recognition of identifiable intangible assets of \$127 million, goodwill of \$82 million and other net assets of \$4 million.

The allocation of the purchase price is preliminary and is subject to further adjustment, pending additional refinement and final completion of valuations. Goodwill, of which \$59 million is expected to be deductible for tax purposes, is primarily attributed to the anticipated value created by the accelerated delivery of new and innovative capabilities to merchant clients. The preliminary amounts allocated to identifiable intangible assets are as follows:

(In millions)	Gross C	Carrying Amount	Weighted-Average Useful Life
Customer relationships	\$	90	17 years
Residual buyouts		20	8 years
Acquired software and technology		6	7 years
Non-compete agreements and other		11	5 years
Total	\$	127	14 years

The results of operations for Pineapple Payments are included in the consolidated results of the Company from the date of acquisition. Pro forma information for this acquisition is not provided because it did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated results of operations.

Acquisition of Ondot

On January 22, 2021, the Company acquired a remaining ownership interest in Ondot, a digital experience platform provider for financial institutions, for approximately \$271 million, net of \$13 million of acquired cash. The Company previously held a noncontrolling equity interest in Ondot, which was accounted for at cost. The remeasurement of the Company's previously held equity interest to its acquisition-date fair value resulted in the recognition of a pre-tax gain of \$12 million included within other income in the consolidated statements of income during the nine months ended September 30, 2021. Ondot is included within the Payments segment and further expands the Company's digital capabilities, enhancing its suite of integrated payments, banking and merchant solutions.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company identified and recorded measurement period adjustments to the preliminary Ondot purchase price allocation, which were the result of additional analysis performed and information identified based on facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date. These measurement period adjustments resulted in a decrease to goodwill of \$37 million. The offsetting amounts to the change in goodwill were related to an increase in acquired software and technology of \$30 million, customer relationships of \$15 million and deferred income tax liabilities of \$8 million. The Company recorded measurement period adjustments to the intangible assets as a result of additional refinements to valuations, including estimated future cash flows. Such measurement period adjustments did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated statements of income.

The allocation of purchase price recorded for Ondot was finalized in the third quarter of 2021 as follows:

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(In millions)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13
Receivables and other assets	9
Intangible assets	142
Goodwill	173
Payables and other liabilities	 (31)
Total consideration	\$ 306
Less: Fair value of previously held equity interest	 (22)
Total purchase price	\$ 284

Goodwill, not deductible for tax purposes, is primarily attributed to the anticipated value created by the combined scale of integrated digital solutions to consumers, merchants, acquirers, networks and card issuers. The amounts allocated to identifiable intangible assets are as follows:

(In millions)	Gross Carrying Am	ount	Weighted-Average Useful Life
Acquired software and technology	\$	90	6 years
Customer relationships		35	6 years
Non-compete agreements and other		17	4 years
Total	\$	142	6 years

The results of operations for Ondot are included in the consolidated results of the Company from the date of acquisition. Pro forma information for this acquisition is not provided because it did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated results of operations.

Other Acquisitions

On June 14, 2021, the Company acquired Spend Labs Inc. ("SpendLabs"), a mobile-native, cloud-based software provider of commercial card payment solutions. SpendLabs is included within the Payments segment and further expands the Company's digital capabilities across mobile and desktop devices for small and mid-sized businesses. On March 1, 2021, the Company acquired Radius8, Inc. ("Radius8"), a provider of a platform that uses consumer location and other information to drive incremental merchant transactions. Radius8 is included within the Acceptance segment and enhances the Company's ability to help merchants increase sales, expand mobile application registration and improve one-to-one target marketing. The Company acquired these businesses for an aggregate purchase price of \$46 million. The allocation of purchase price for these acquisitions resulted in the recognition of identifiable intangible assets, consisting primarily of acquired software and technology, of \$19 million and goodwill of \$28 million. The allocation of the purchase price for the SpendLabs acquisition is preliminary and is subject to further adjustment, pending additional refinement and final completion of valuations. The purchase price allocation for the Radius8 acquisition was finalized in the third quarter of 2021. Measurement period adjustments did not have a material impact on the consolidated statements of income. Goodwill, not expected to be deductible for tax purposes, is primarily attributed to the anticipated value created by advancing digital capabilities to the Company's clients and the customers they serve. The results of operations for these acquired businesses are included in the consolidated results of the Company's consolidated results of operations.

On March 2, 2020, the Company acquired MerchantPro Express LLC ("MerchantPro"), an independent sales organization that provides processing services, point-of-sale equipment and merchant cash advances to businesses across the U.S. MerchantPro is included within the Acceptance segment and further expands the Company's merchant services business. On March 18, 2020, the Company acquired Bypass Mobile, LLC ("Bypass"), an independent software vendor and innovator in enterprise point-of-sale systems for sports and entertainment venues, food service management providers and national restaurant chains. Bypass is included within the Acceptance segment and further enhances the Company's ability to help businesses deliver seamless physical and digital customer experiences. On May 11, 2020, the Company acquired Inlet, LLC ("Inlet"), a provider of secure digital delivery solutions for enterprise and middle-market biller invoices and statements. Inlet is included within the Payments segment and further enhances the Company's digital bill payment strategy. The Company acquired these businesses for an aggregate purchase price of \$167 million, net of \$2 million of acquired cash, and including earn-out provisions estimated at a fair value of \$45 million (see Note 6). The purchase price allocations for these acquisitions resulted in the recognition of identifiable intangible assets totaling \$81 million, goodwill of \$90 million, and net assumed liabilities of \$4 million. The purchase price allocation for the MerchantPro acquisition was finalized in the third quarter of 2020, and for the Bypass and Inlet acquisitions in the fourth quarter of 2020. Measurement period adjustments did not have a material impact on the consolidated statements of income. The goodwill recognized from these transactions, of which \$36 million is deductible for tax purposes, is primarily attributed to synergies and the anticipated value created by selling the Company's products and services to the acquired businesses' existing client base.

The amounts allocated to identifiable intangible assets were as follows:

(In millions)	Gross Carrying Amount	Weighted-Average Useful Life
Customer relationships	\$ 32	14 years
Residual buyouts	35	9 years
Acquired software and technology	14	8 years
Total	\$ 81	11 years

The results of operations for these acquired businesses have been included in the consolidated results of the Company from the respective dates of acquisition. Pro forma information for these acquisitions is not provided because they did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated results of operations.

On October 18, 2021, the Company entered into a definitive agreement to acquire BentoBox CMS, Inc. ("BentoBox"), a digital marketing and commerce platform that helps restaurants connect with their guests and that will expand the Company's Clover® dining solutions and commerce and business management capabilities. The Company expects the acquisition to close in the fourth quarter of 2021, subject to customary approvals and closing conditions. Upon closing of the acquisition, BentoBox will be included within the Acceptance segment.

Dispositions

Effective July 1, 2020, the Company and Bank of America ("BANA") dissolved the Banc of America Merchant Services joint venture ("BAMS" or the "joint venture"), of which the Company maintained a 51% controlling ownership interest. Upon dissolution of the joint venture's operations, the joint venture transferred a proportionate share of value, primarily the client contracts, to each party via an agreed upon contractual separation. The remaining activities of the joint venture consist of supporting the transition of the business to each party and an orderly wind down of remaining BAMS assets and liabilities. Pursuant to the separation agreement, the joint venture retains the responsibility for certain contingencies that may arise from pre-dissolution activities, including certain legal claims and contingencies. The Company may be obligated to fund a proportionate share of any such losses as incurred.

The transfer of value to BANA was accounted for at fair value as a non pro rata distribution of nonmonetary assets, resulting in the recognition of a pre-tax gain of \$6 million, with a related tax expense of \$13 million. The pre-tax gain included the revaluation of client contracts allocated to BANA to a fair value of \$700 million, as well as an estimated \$24 million for certain additional consideration due from the Company to BANA in connection with the dissolution. The pre-tax net gain was recorded within gain on sale of businesses and the tax expense was recorded within the income tax provision in the consolidated statements of income. Noncontrolling interests of the Company were reduced by \$726 million and the Company's additional paid-in capital was reduced by \$36 million to account for the wind down of the joint venture and the transfer of a proportionate share of the joint venture's fair value to BANA (see Note 10). The transfer of value to the Company was accounted for at carryover basis as the Company maintains control of such assets. The business transferred to the Company continues to be operated and managed within the Company's Acceptance segment.

The fair value of the client contracts upon dissolution of the joint venture was determined using the Multi-Period Excess Earnings Method, a form of the income approach. The determination of the fair value required estimates about discount rates, growth and attrition rates, future expected cash flows and other future events that were judgmental in nature. The fair value measurements were primarily based on significant inputs that were not observable in the market and thus represented a Level 3 measurement of the fair value hierarchy as defined in ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements*. The significant assumptions used included the estimated annual net cash flows (including appropriate revenue and profit attributable to the asset, retention rate, applicable tax rate, and contributory asset charges, among other factors), the discount rate, reflecting the risks inherent in the future cash flow stream, an assessment of the asset's life cycle, and the tax amortization benefit, among other factors.

The Company continues to provide merchant processing and related services to former BAMS clients allocated to BANA, at BAMS pricing, through June 2023. The Company also provides processing and other support services to new BANA merchant clients pursuant to a five-year non-exclusive agreement which, after June 2023, will also apply to the former BAMS clients allocated to BANA. In addition, both the Company and BANA are entitled to certain transition services, at fair value, from each other through June 2023.

On February 18, 2020, the Company sold a 60% controlling interest of its Investment Services business, subsequently renamed as Tegra118, LLC ("Tegra118"). The Company received pre-tax proceeds of \$578 million, net of related expenses, resulting in a pre-tax gain on the sale of \$428 million, with the related tax expense of \$112 million recorded through the income tax

provision, in the consolidated statements of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The pre-tax gain included \$76 million related to the remeasurement of the Company's 40% retained interest based upon the enterprise value of the business. The revenues, expenses and cash flows of the Investment Services business were consolidated into the Company's financial results through the date of the sale transaction, and are reported within Corporate and Other (see Note 19). In conjunction with the sale transaction, the Company also entered into transition services agreements to provide, at fair value, various administration, business process outsourcing, technical and data center related services for defined periods to Tegra118.

On February 2, 2021, Tegral 18 completed a merger with a third party, resulting in a dilution of the Company's ownership interest in the combined new entity, Wealthtech Holdings, LLC, which was subsequently renamed as InvestCloud Holdings, LLC ("InvestCloud"). In connection with the transaction, the Company made an additional capital contribution of \$200 million into the combined entity and recognized a pre-tax gain of \$28 million within income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates in the consolidated statements of income, with related tax expense of \$6 million recorded through the income tax provision, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021. On June 30, 2021, the Company sold its entire ownership interest in InvestCloud for \$466 million, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$33 million recorded within income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates in the consolidated statements of income, with related tax expense of \$8 million recorded through the income tax provision, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The Company will continue to provide various technical and data center related services under the terms of a pre-existing transition services agreement with InvestCloud, as described above.

5. Intangible Assets

Identifiable intangible assets consisted of the following:

(In millions) September 30, 2021	Gross Carrying Amount			Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Customer relationships	\$	15,059	\$	4,712	\$ 10,347
Acquired software and technology		2,380		827	1,553
Trade names		614		213	401
Purchased software		1,132		443	689
Capitalized software and other intangibles		1,812		534	1,278
Total	\$	20,997	\$	6,729	\$ 14,268

(In millions) December 31, 2020	Gross Carrying Amount			Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Customer relationships	\$	15,271	\$	3,668	\$ 11,603
Acquired software and technology		2,562		879	1,683
Trade names		618		172	446
Purchased software		913		207	706
Capitalized software and other intangibles		1,332		412	920
Total	\$	20,696	\$	5,338	\$ 15,358

Amortization expense associated with the above identifiable intangible assets was as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Ended 30,		
(In millions)	<u>-</u>	2021		2020		2021		2020
Amortization expense	\$	642	\$	623	\$	1,937	\$	1,934

Amortization expense during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 included \$18 million and \$53 million, respectively, of accelerated amortization associated with the termination of certain vendor contracts (see Note 13).

6. Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, settlement assets and obligations, accounts payable, and client deposits approximate their respective carrying values due to the short period of time to maturity. The Company's derivative instruments are measured on a recurring basis based on foreign currency spot rates and forwards quoted by banks and foreign currency dealers and are marked to market each period (see Note 11). Contingent consideration related to certain of the Company's acquisitions (see Note 4) is estimated based on the present value of a probability-weighted assessment approach derived from the likelihood of achieving the earn-out criteria. The fair value of the Company's contingent liability for current expected credit losses associated with its debt guarantees, as further described below, is estimated based on assumptions of future risk of default and the corresponding level of credit losses at the time of default.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis consisted of the following:

		 Fair '	Value		
(In millions)	Classification	Fair Value Hierarchy	September 30, 2021		December 31, 2020
Assets					
Cash flow hedges	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	Level 2	\$ 6	\$	9
Liabilities					
Contingent consideration	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	Level 3	_		46
Contingent consideration	Other long-term liabilities	Level 3	30		_
Contingent debt guarantee	Other long-term liabilities	Level 3	5		8

The Company's senior notes are recorded at amortized cost but measured at fair value for disclosure purposes. The estimated fair value of senior notes was based on matrix pricing which considers readily observable inputs of comparable securities (Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy). The carrying value of the Company's foreign lines of credit, debt associated with the receivables securitization agreement, term loan credit agreement, commercial paper notes and revolving credit facility borrowings approximates fair value as these instruments have variable interest rates and the Company has not experienced any change to its credit ratings (Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy). The estimated fair value of total debt, excluding finance leases and other financing obligations, was \$21.7 billion and \$22.5 billion at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively, and the carrying value was \$20.1 billion and \$19.9 billion at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

The Company maintains noncontrolling ownership interests in defi SOLUTIONS Group, LLC and Sagent M&C, LLC, respectively, which are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. These joint ventures maintain variable-rate term loan facilities with aggregate outstanding borrowings of \$370 million in senior unsecured debt at September 30, 2021 and variable-rate revolving credit facilities with an aggregate borrowing capacity of \$45 million with a syndicate of banks, which mature in March 2023. Outstanding borrowings on the revolving credit facilities at September 30, 2021 were \$13 million. The Company has guaranteed this debt and does not anticipate that the respective joint ventures will fail to fulfill their debt obligations. The Company maintains a liability for its non-contingent obligations to perform over the term of the guarantees, which is reported within accounts payable and accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. The non-contingent component of the Company's debt guarantee arrangements is recorded at amortized cost but measured at fair value for disclosure purposes. The carrying value of the Company's noncontingent liability of \$12 million and \$18 million approximates the fair value at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively (Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy). Such guarantees will be amortized in future periods over the contractual term. In addition, the Company maintains a contingent liability (\$5 million and \$8 million at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively, as reported within other long-term liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets), representing the current expected credit losses to which the Company is exposed. This contingent liability is estimated based on certain financial metrics of the respective joint ventures and historical industry data, which is used to develop assumptions of the likelihood the guaranteed parties will default and the level of credit losses in the event a default occurs (Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy). The Company recognized \$3 million and \$4 million during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and recognized \$9 million and \$10 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, within other income in its consolidated statements of income related to its release from risk under the non-contingent guarantees as well as a change in the provision of estimated credit losses associated with the indebtedness of the joint ventures. The Company has not made any payments under the guarantees, nor has it been called upon to do so.

In addition, certain of the Company's non-financial assets are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis, including property and equipment, lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets, equity securities without a readily determinable fair value, goodwill

and other intangible assets, and are subject to fair value adjustment in certain circumstances. Additional information about fair value adjustments recorded on a non-recurring basis during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, is included in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

7. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following:

(In millions)	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Trade accounts payable	\$ 496	\$	437	
Client deposits	755		702	
Accrued compensation and benefits	409		419	
Accrued taxes	205		130	
Accrued interest	172		220	
Other accrued expenses	 1,303		1,278	
Total	\$ 3,340	\$	3,186	

8. Debt

The Company's debt consisted of the following:

(In millions)	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Short-term and current maturities of long-term debt:		
Foreign lines of credit	\$ 155	\$ 144
Finance lease and other financing obligations	294	240
Total short-term and current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 449	\$ 384
Long-term debt:		
	s —	\$ 400
3.500% senior notes due October 2022	700	700
0.375% senior notes due July 2023 (Euro-denominated)	579	612
3.800% senior notes due October 2023	1,000	1,000
2.750% senior notes due July 2024	2,000	2,000
3.850% senior notes due June 2025	900	900
2.250% senior notes due July 2025 (British Pound-denominated)	707	709
3.200% senior notes due July 2026	2,000	2,000
2.250% senior notes due June 2027	1,000	1,000
1.125% senior notes due July 2027 (Euro-denominated)	579	612
4.200% senior notes due October 2028	1,000	1,000
3.500% senior notes due July 2029	3,000	3,000
2.650% senior notes due June 2030	1,000	1,000
1.625% senior notes due July 2030 (Euro-denominated)	579	612
3.000% senior notes due July 2031 (British Pound-denominated)	707	709
4.400% senior notes due July 2049	2,000	2,000
Receivable securitized loan	500	425
Term loan facility	355	1,250
Unamortized discount and deferred financing costs	(131)	(155)
U.S. commercial paper notes	1,377	_
Revolving credit facility	107	22
Finance lease and other financing obligations	581	504
Total long-term debt	\$ 20,540	\$ 20,300

The Company was in compliance with all financial debt covenants during the first nine months of 2021. The Company maintains an amended and restated revolving credit facility, which matures in September 2023, with aggregate commitments available for \$3.5 billion of total capacity. At September 30, 2021, the receivable securitized loan due in July 2022 was classified in the consolidated balance sheet as long-term, as the Company has the intent to refinance this debt on a long-term basis and the ability to do so under its revolving credit facility.

In May 2021, the Company initiated a U.S. unsecured commercial paper notes program, the proceeds of which are to be used for general corporate purposes. The Company may issue, from time to time, commercial paper notes with maturities of up to 397 days from the date of issuance. Outstanding borrowings under the program were \$1.4 billion at September 30, 2021, with a weighted average interest rate of 0.189%. The Company intends to maintain available capacity under its revolving credit facility in an amount at least equal to the outstanding borrowings under its commercial paper notes program. Outstanding borrowings under the commercial paper notes program are classified in the consolidated balance sheet as long-term, as the Company has the intent to refinance these notes on a long-term basis through the continued issuance of new commercial paper notes upon maturity, and the Company also has the ability to refinance such notes under its revolving credit facility.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company used the net proceeds from the issuance of commercial paper notes to repay borrowings outstanding under its amended and restated revolving credit facility as of the issuance date, to repay the 4.750% senior notes that matured in June 2021, and to pay down outstanding borrowings on its term loan facility.

9. Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

The minority partners in two of the Company's merchant alliance joint ventures maintain redeemable noncontrolling interests which are presented outside of equity and carried at their estimated redemption values. Each minority partner owns 1% of the equity in the respective joint venture; in addition, each minority partner is entitled to a contractually determined share of the respective entity's income. The agreements contain redemption features whereby interests held by the minority partner are redeemable either (i) at the option of the holder or (ii) upon the occurrence of an event that is not solely within the Company's control. The joint ventures may be terminated by either party for convenience any time after September 1, 2021 and December 31, 2024, respectively. In the event of termination for cause, as a result of a change in control, or for convenience after the predetermined date, the Company may be required to purchase the minority partner membership interests at a price equal to the fair market value of the minority interest through a distribution in the form of cash, certain merchant contracts of the joint venture, or a combination thereof to the minority partner. In conjunction with the termination of the joint venture, the minority partner may also exercise an option to purchase certain additional merchant contracts at fair market value. In September 2021, the Company and a joint venture minority partner mutually agreed to terminate one of the Company's merchant alliance joint ventures effective March 2022. The parties have commenced separation negotiations pursuant to the terms of the joint venture agreement. At September 30, 2021, redeemable noncontrolling interests had a total estimated redemption value of \$260 million.

The following table presents a summary of the redeemable noncontrolling interests activity during the nine months ended September 30:

(In millions)	2021	2020	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 259	\$	262
Distributions paid to redeemable noncontrolling interests	(32)		(31)
Share of income	33		29
Balance at end of period	\$ 260	\$	260

10. Equity

The following tables provide changes in equity during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020:

_				Fise	rv,	Inc. Shareholders	′ E(quity					
Three Months Ended September 30, 2021	Number o	of Shares	_					A	mount				
(In millions)	Common Shares	Treasury Shares		Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	(Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Noncontrolling Interests	To	otal Equity
Balance at June 30, 2021	784	123	\$	8	3 :	\$ 22,960 \$	\$	(323) \$	14,014	\$ (4,866) \$	739	\$	32,532
Net income (1)									428		7		435
Distributions paid to noncontrolling interests											_		_
Other comprehensive loss								(326)			(18)		(344)
Share-based compensation						63							63
Shares issued under stock plans		(2)				(49)				52			3
Purchases of treasury stock		3								(365)			(365)
Balance at September 30, 2021	784	124	\$	8	3 :	\$ 22,974 \$	\$	(649) \$	14,442	\$ (5,179) \$	728	\$	32,324

- (1) The total net income presented in equity for the three months ended September 30, 2021 is different than the amount presented in the consolidated statement of income due to the net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests of \$11 million not included in equity.
- The total distributions presented in equity for the three months ended September 30, 2021 excludes \$12 million in distributions paid to redeemable noncontrolling interests and \$8 million in distributions to BANA related to the BAMS dissolution (see Note 4) not included in equity.

_				Fiser	v, Iı	nc. Shareholders'	Equity					
Three Months Ended September 30, 2020	Number o	f Shares					A	mount				
(In millions)	Common Shares	Treasury Shares	•	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Noncontrolling Interests	Tot	al Equity
Balance at June 30, 2020	791	122	\$	8	\$	23,771 \$	(644)	\$ 12,877	\$ (4,429) \$	1,445	\$	33,028
Net income (1)								264		1		265
Net adjustment to noncontrolling interests from dissolution (see Note 4)						(36)				(726)		(762)
Other comprehensive income (loss)							(187)			17		(170)
Share-based compensation						84						84
Shares issued under stock plans		(1)				(48)			32			(16)
Balance at September 30, 2020	791	121	\$	8	\$	23,771 \$	(831)	\$ 13,141	\$ (4,397) \$	737	\$	32,429

⁽¹⁾ The total net income presented in equity for the three months ended September 30, 2020 is different than the amount presented in the consolidated statement of income due to the net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests of \$11 million not included in equity.

Fiserv, Inc. Shareholders' Equity

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021	Number o	f Shares			A	Amo	unt							
(In millions)	Common Shares	Treasury Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss		etained arnings	1	Γreasury Stock	Nonco Int	ontroll erests		Tot	al Equity
Balance at December 31, 2020	789	121	\$ 8	\$ 23,643 \$	(387)	\$	13,441	\$	(4,375) \$			740	\$	33,070
Net income (1)							1,001					14		1,015
Distributions paid to noncontrolling interests												(1)		(1)
Other comprehensive loss					(262)							(25)		(287)
Share-based compensation				190										190
Shares issued under stock plans		(5)		(271)					173					(98)
Purchases of treasury stock		13							(1,565)					(1,565)
Retirement of treasury stock (see Note 18)	(5)	(5)		(588)					588					_
Balance at September 30, 2021	784	124	\$ 8	\$ 22,974 \$	(649) 5	\$	14,442	\$	(5,179) \$			728	\$	32,324

- (1) The total net income presented in equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 is different than the amount presented in the consolidated statement of income due to the net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests of \$33 million not included in equity.
- (2) The total distributions presented in equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 excludes \$32 million in distributions paid to redeemable noncontrolling interests and \$8 million in distributions to BANA related to the BAMS dissolution (see Note 4) not included in equity.

_			Fiserv	, In	c. Shareholders'	Equity						
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020	Number o	f Shares					Aı	nount				
(In millions)	Common Shares	Treasury Shares	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumu Otho Compred Los	er iensive	Retained Earnings	easury tock	Noncontrollin Interests	g T	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2019	791	112	\$ 8	\$	23,741 \$		(180) \$	12,528	\$ (3,118) \$	1,0	16 \$	
Net income (loss) (1)								658		(25)	633
Measurement period adjustments related to First Data acquisition (3)										(1	26)	(126)
Distributions paid to noncontrolling interests										(30)	(30)
Net adjustment to noncontrolling interests from dissolution (see Note 4)					(36)					(7	26)	(762)
Other comprehensive (loss) income							(651)				28	(623)
Share-based compensation					286							286
Shares issued under stock plans		(5)			(220)				156			(64)
Purchases of treasury stock		14							(1,435)			(1,435)
Cumulative-effect adjustment of ASU 2016- 13 adoption								(45)				(45)
Balance at September 30, 2020	791	121	\$ 8	\$	23,771 \$		(831) \$	13,141	\$ (4,397) \$	7	37 \$	32,429

- (1) The total net income presented in equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 is different than the amount presented in the consolidated statement of income due to the net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests of \$29 million not included in equity.
- (2) The total distributions presented in equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 excludes \$31 million in distributions paid to redeemable noncontrolling interests not included in equity.

11. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss by component, net of income taxes, consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2021											
(In millions)		Cash Flow Hedges		Foreign Currency Translation		Pension Plans		Total				
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	(116)	\$	(196)	\$	(11)	\$	(323)				
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		3		(331)		_		(328)				
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss		2						2				
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)		5		(331)		_		(326)				
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	(111)	\$	(527)	\$	(11)	\$	(649)				

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2020												
(In millions)		Cash Flow Hedges		Foreign Currency Translation		Pension Plans		Total					
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	(138)	\$	(500)	\$	(6)	\$	(644)					
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		6		(197)		_		(191)					
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss		4		_		_		4					
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)		10		(197)		_		(187)					
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$	(128)	\$	(697)	\$	(6)	\$	(831)					

]	Nine Months Ended S	Sept	tember 30, 2021	
(In millions)		Cash Flow Hedges		Foreign Currency Translation		Pension Plans	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	(121)	\$	(254)	\$	(12)	\$ (387)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		4		(273)		1	(268)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss		6		_		_	6
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	· ·	10		(273)		1	 (262)
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	(111)	\$	(527)	\$	(11)	\$ (649)

		Nine Months Ended	Sep	tember 30, 2020	
(In millions)	Cash Flow Hedges	Foreign Currency Translation		Pension Plans	Total
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ (141)	\$ (33)	\$	(6)	\$ (180)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	1	(664)		_	(663)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	 12	 		_	 12
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	13	 (664)		_	(651)
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$ (128)	\$ (697)	\$	(6)	\$ (831)

The Company has entered into forward exchange contracts, which have been designated as cash flow hedges, to hedge foreign currency exposure to the Indian Rupee. The notional amount of these derivatives was \$280 million and \$259 million, and the fair value totaling \$6 million and \$9 million is reported primarily within prepaid expenses and other current assets in the consolidated balance sheets at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. Based on the amounts recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss at September 30, 2021, the Company estimates that it will recognize gains of approximately \$5 million in cost of processing and services during the next twelve months as foreign exchange forward contracts settle.

The Company had previously entered into treasury lock agreements ("Treasury Locks"), designated as cash flow hedges, in the aggregate notional amount of \$.0 billion to manage exposure to fluctuations in benchmark interest rates in anticipation of the issuance of fixed rate debt in connection with the acquisition and refinancing of certain indebtedness of First Data and its subsidiaries. In June 2019, concurrent with the issuance of U.S dollar-denominated senior notes, the Treasury Locks were settled resulting in a payment of \$183 million recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of income taxes, that will be amortized to earnings over the terms of the originally forecasted interest payments. Based on the amounts recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss at September 30, 2021, the Company estimates that it will recognize approximately \$20 million in interest expense, net during the next twelve months related to settled interest rate hedge contracts.

To reduce exposure to changes in the value of the Company's net investments in certain of its foreign currency-denominated subsidiaries due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, the Company uses its foreign currency-denominated debt as an economic hedge of its net investments in such foreign currency-denominated subsidiaries. The Company has designated its Euro- and British Pound-denominated senior notes as net investment hedges to hedge a portion of its net investment in certain subsidiaries whose functional currencies are the Euro and the British Pound. Accordingly, foreign currency transaction gains or losses on the qualifying net investment hedge instruments are recorded as foreign currency translation within other comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income and will remain in accumulated other comprehensive loss in the consolidated balance sheets until the sale or complete liquidation of the underlying foreign subsidiaries. The Company recorded a foreign currency translation gain (loss), net of tax, of \$71 million and \$(92) million in other comprehensive income (loss) during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$77 million and \$(38) million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, from the Euro- and British Pound-denominated senior notes.

12. Share-Based Compensation

The Company recognized \$63 million and \$84 million of share-based compensation expense during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$190 million and \$286 million of share-based compensation expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The Company's annual grant of share-based awards generally occurs in the first quarter. Grants of share-based awards may also occur throughout the year in conjunction with acquisitions of businesses. At September 30, 2021, the total remaining unrecognized compensation cost for unvested stock options, restricted stock units and awards and performance share units, net of estimated forfeitures, of \$321 million is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.1 years. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, stock options to purchase 3.5 million and 2.2 million shares, respectively, were exercised.

A summary of stock option activity is as follows:

	Shares (In thousands)	•	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	gate Intrinsic (In millions)
Stock options outstanding - December 31, 2020	14,689	\$	50.82		
Granted	140		110.41		
Forfeited	(59)		107.83		
Exercised	(3,510)		36.45		
Stock options outstanding - September 30, 2021	11,260	\$	55.75	4.41	\$ 600
Stock options exercisable - September 30, 2021	9,692	\$	47.71	3.78	\$ 591

A summary of restricted stock unit, restricted stock award and performance share unit activity is as follows:

	Restricted Stock U	nits	and Awards	Performance :	Share Units			
	Shares (In thousands)		Weighted-Average ant Date Fair Value	Shares (In thousands)	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value			
Units - December 31, 2020	4,797	\$	98.29	1,821	\$	95.20		
Granted	2,410		104.92	255		108.68		
Forfeited	(279)		104.25	(92)		97.58		
Vested	(2,302)		98.94	(526)		92.72		
Units - September 30, 2021	4,626	\$	100.96	1,458	\$	96.22		

13. Restructuring and Other Charges

In connection with the July 2019 acquisition of First Data, the Company continues to implement integration plans focused on reducing the Company's overall cost structure, including reducing vendor spend and eliminating duplicate costs. The Company recorded restructuring charges related to certain of these integration activities of \$30 million and \$41 million, primarily reported in cost of processing and services and selling, general and administrative expenses within the consolidated statements of income, based upon committed actions during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$58 million and \$181 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The Company expects to complete the above integration activities associated with the First Data acquisition by the end of 2021 and does not expect the remaining restructuring and other charges to be material.

Employee Termination Costs

The Company recorded \$27 million and \$28 million of employee termination costs related to severance and other separation costs for terminated employees in connection with the acquisition of First Data during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$45 million and \$105 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The following table summarizes the changes in the reserve related to the Company's employee severance and other separation costs:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,						
(In millions)	2021		2020				
Balance at beginning of period	\$	27	\$	14			
Severance and other separation costs		45		105			
Non-cash adjustments		_		(6)			
Cash payments		(48)		(88)			
Balance at end of period	\$	24	\$	25			

The employee severance and other separation costs accrual balance of \$24 million at September 30, 2021 is expected to be paid within the next twelve months. In addition, the Company recorded share-based compensation costs of \$2 million and \$9 million during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$7 million and \$32 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, related to the accelerated vesting of equity awards for terminated employees.

Facility Exit Costs

The Company has identified certain leased facilities that have been or will be exited in the future as part of the Company's efforts to reduce facility costs. During the first nine months of 2021 and 2020, the Company permanently vacated certain of these leased facilities in advance of the non-cancellable lease terms. In conjunction with the exit of these leased facilities, the Company assessed the respective operating lease ROU assets for impairment by comparing the carrying values of the ROU assets to the discounted cash flows from estimated sublease payments (Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy). In addition, the Company assessed certain property and equipment associated with the leased facilities for impairment. As a result, the Company recorded non-cash impairment charges of \$1 million and \$4 million, reported in selling, general and administrative expense within the consolidated statements of income during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$6 million and \$44 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, associated with the early exit of these leased facilities.

Other Costs

In connection with initiatives to reduce the Company's overall cost structure following the acquisition of First Data, the Company terminated certain of its existing lease agreements to upgrade and consolidate its computing infrastructure. The Company upgraded or replaced certain leased hardware under separate, new lease agreements, resulting in the early termination and disposal of existing hardware under the current lease agreements. As such, the Company adjusted the amortization period for these existing lease agreements to coincide with the modified remaining term. Finance lease expense during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 included \$17 million and \$62 million, respectively, of accelerated amortization associated with the termination of these vendor contracts. In addition, the Company executed similar terminations to certain of its existing software financing agreements. Amortization expense during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 included \$18 million and \$53 million, respectively, of accelerated amortization associated with the termination of these vendor contracts.

14. Income Taxes

The Company's income tax provision and effective income tax rate were as follows:

(In millions)		Three Months I September 3		Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	·	2021	2020	2021		2020		
Income tax provision	\$	54 \$	124	\$	300	\$	176	
Effective income tax rate		11.3 %	32.5 %		23.7 %		21.1 %	

The income tax provision as a percentage of income before income taxes and income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates was 1.3% and 32.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and was 23.7% and 21.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The effective income tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2021 includes discrete tax benefits from subsidiary restructurings and changes in uncertain tax positions. The effective income tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2020 included \$32 million of income tax expense related to the revaluation of certain net deferred tax liabilities as a result of an increase in the United Kingdom corporate income tax rate from 17% to 19% in the quarter.

The effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 includes \$34 million of income tax expense attributed to the revaluation of certain net deferred tax liabilities, primarily related to intangible assets and investments in joint ventures recognized at fair value in connection with the acquisition of First Data, reflecting the effect of enacted corporate income tax rate changes in the United Kingdom (tax rate increase from 19% to 25% starting in 2023) and Argentina (tax rate increase from 25% to 35%), partially offset by discrete tax benefits from subsidiary restructurings, changes in uncertain tax positions and equity compensation related tax benefits. The effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 included \$112 million of income tax expense associated with the \$428 million gain on the sale of a 60% interest of the Company's Investment Services business (see Note 4) and \$32 million of income tax expense noted above, partially offset by changes in uncertain tax positions and equity compensation related tax benefits.

The Company's potential liability for unrecognized tax benefits before interest and penalties was approximately \$36 million at September 30, 2021. The Company believes it is reasonably possible that the liability for unrecognized tax benefits may decrease by up to \$26 million over the next twelve months as a result of possible closure of federal tax audits, potential settlements with certain states, and the lapse of the statutes of limitation in various jurisdictions.

As of September 30, 2021, the Company's U.S. federal income tax return for 2020, and tax returns in certain states and foreign jurisdictions for 2005 through 2020, remain subject to examination by taxing authorities. State and local examinations are substantially complete through 2014 in relation to First Data's state and local tax filings. Foreign jurisdictions generally remain subject to examination by their respective authorities from 2010 forward in relation to First Data's foreign tax filings, none of which are considered significant jurisdictions.

15. Shares Used in Computing Net Income Per Share Attributable to Fisery, Inc.

The computation of shares used in calculating basic and diluted net income per share is as follows:

	Three Mor Septem		Nine Mont Septem	
In millions) 2021 2020		2021	2020	
Weighted-average common shares outstanding used for the calculation of net income attributable to Fisery, Inc. per share - basic	661.4	669.8	664.6	672.6
Common stock equivalents	8.3	10.5	9.5	11.5
Weighted-average common shares outstanding used for the calculation of net income attributable to Fisery, Inc. per share - diluted	669.7	680.3	674.1	684.1

For the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, stock options for 1.6 million and 2.6 million shares, respectively, were excluded from the calculation of weighted-average outstanding shares - diluted because their impact was anti-dilutive. For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, stock options for 1.5 million and 2.0 million shares, respectively, were excluded from the calculation of weighted-average outstanding shares - diluted because their impact was anti-dilutive.

16. Cash Flow Information

Supplemental cash flow information consisted of the following:

		Nine Months Ended September 30,							
(In millions)	20	021	2020						
Interest paid	\$	533 \$	548						
Income taxes paid		555	143						
Distribution of nonmonetary assets (see Notes 4 and 10)		_	726						
Software obtained under financing arrangements		143	130						
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities - operating leases		75	2						
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities - finance leases		183	331						

17. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

In the normal course of business, the Company or its subsidiaries are named as defendants in lawsuits in which claims are asserted against the Company. In addition, the Company assumed certain legal proceedings in connection with the acquisition of First Data primarily associated with its merchant acquiring business and a tax matter. In the third quarter of 2021, the Company resolved a matter, for which the Company had previously accrued, with a class of merchants related to alleged violations by an independent sales organization resulting in a payment of \$28 million. In the second quarter of 2020, the Company resolved a matter with the Federal Trade Commission related to a U.S.-based wholesale independent sales organization resulting in a payment of \$40 million, for which the Company previously had accrued. The Company maintained reserves of \$15 million and \$32 million at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively, related to its various legal proceedings, primarily associated with the Company's merchant acquiring business as described above. The Company's estimate of the possible range of exposure for various litigation matters in excess of amounts accrued is \$0 million to approximately \$65 million. In the opinion of management, the liabilities, if any, which may ultimately result from such lawsuits are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Electronic Payments Transactions

In connection with the Company's processing of electronic payments transactions, funds received from subscribers are invested from the time the Company collects the funds until payments are made to the applicable recipients. These subscriber funds are

invested in short-term, highly liquid investments. Subscriber funds, which are not included in the Company's consolidated balance sheets, can fluctuate significantly based on consumer bill payment and debit card activity and totaled approximately \$1.0 billion and \$1.7 billion at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Indemnifications and Warranties

The Company may indemnify its clients from certain costs resulting from claims of patent, copyright or trademark infringement associated with its clients' use of the Company's products or services. The Company may also warrant to clients that its products and services will operate substantially in accordance with identified specifications. From time to time, in connection with sales of businesses, the Company agrees to indemnify the buyers of such businesses for liabilities associated with the businesses that are sold. Payments, net of recoveries, under such indemnification or warranty provisions were not material to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

18. Related Party Transactions

Merchant Alliances

The Company maintains ownership interests of significant influence in various merchant alliances and strategic investments in companies in related markets. A merchant alliance is an agreement between the Company and a financial institution that combines the processing capabilities and management expertise of the Company with the visibility and distribution channel of the financial institution. A merchant alliance acquires credit and debit card transactions from merchants. The Company provides processing and other services to the alliance and charges fees to the alliance primarily based on contractual pricing.

A significant portion of the Company's business is conducted through merchant alliances between the Company and financial institutions. To the extent the Company maintains a controlling financial interest in an alliance, the alliance's financial statements are consolidated with those of the Company and the related processing fees are treated as an intercompany transaction and eliminated in consolidation. To the extent the Company has significant influence but not control in an alliance, the Company uses the equity method of accounting to account for its investment in the alliance. As a result, the processing and other service fees charged to merchant alliances accounted for under the equity method are recognized in the Company's consolidated statements of income primarily as processing and services revenue. Such fees totaled \$42 million and \$47 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$132 million and \$134 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. No directors or officers of the Company have ownership interests in any of the alliances. The formation of each of these alliances generally involves the Company and the financial institution contributing contractual merchant relationships to the alliance and a cash payment from one owner to the other to achieve the desired ownership percentage for each. The Company and the financial institution enter into a long-term processing service agreement as part of the negotiation process. This agreement governs the Company's provision of transaction processing services to the alliance. The Company had \$38 million and \$37 million of amounts due from unconsolidated merchant alliances included within trade accounts receivable, net in the consolidated balance sheets at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Joint Venture Transition Services Agreements

Pursuant to certain transition services agreements, the Company provides, at fair value, various administration, business process outsourcing, and technical and data center related services for defined periods to certain joint ventures accounted for under the equity method. Amounts transacted through these agreements, including with InvestCloud through June 30, 2021, totaled \$6 million and \$16 million during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$32 million and \$43 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and were primarily recognized as processing and services revenue in the consolidated statements of income.

Share Repurchase

On May 3, 2021, New Omaha Holdings L.P. ("New Omaha"), a shareholder of the Company, completed an underwritten secondary public offering of 23.0 million shares of Fisery, Inc. common stock (the "offering"). The Company did not sell any shares in, nor did it receive any proceeds from, the offering. New Omaha received all of the net proceeds from the offering. In connection with the offering, the Company repurchased from the underwriters 5.0 million shares of its common stock that were subject to the offering, at a price equal to the price per share paid by the underwriters to New Omaha in the offering (the "share repurchase"). The share repurchase totaled \$588 million and was funded with cash on hand. The repurchased shares were cancelled and no longer outstanding following the completion of the share repurchase. Prior to the offering, New Omaha owned approximately 13% of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock, and immediately following the offering, New Omaha owned approximately 9% of such outstanding shares.

19. Business Segment Information

The Company's operations are comprised of the Acceptance segment, the Fintech segment and the Payments segment.

The businesses in the Acceptance segment provide a wide range of commerce-enabling solutions and serve merchants of all sizes around the world. These services include point-of-sale merchant acquiring and digital commerce services; mobile payment services; security and fraud protection products; CaratSM, the Company's omnichannel commerce solution; and the Company's cloud-based Clover® point-of-sale platform. The Company distributes the products and services in the global Acceptance segment businesses through a variety of channels, including direct sales teams, strategic partnerships with agent sales forces, independent software vendors, financial institutions and other strategic partners in the form of joint venture alliances, revenue sharing alliances and referral agreements. Merchants, financial institutions and distribution partners in the Acceptance segment are frequently clients of the Company's other segments.

The businesses in the Fintech segment provide financial institutions around the world with the technology solutions they need to run their operations, including products and services that enable financial institutions to process customer deposit and loan accounts and manage an institution's general ledger and central information files. As a complement to the core account processing functionality, the global Fintech segment businesses also provide digital banking, financial and risk management, professional services and consulting, item processing and source capture, and other products and services that support numerous types of financial transactions. Certain of the businesses in the Fintech segment provide products or services to corporate clients to facilitate the management of financial processes and transactions. Many of the products and services offered in the Fintech segment are integrated with products and services provided by the Company's other segments.

The businesses in the Payments segment provide financial institutions and corporate clients around the world with the products and services required to process digital payment transactions. This includes card transactions such as debit, credit and prepaid card processing and services; a range of network services, security and fraud protection products; card production and print services. In addition, the global Payments segment businesses offer non-card digital payment software and services, including bill payment, account-to-account transfers, person-to-person payments, electronic billing, and security and fraud protection products. Clients of the Payments segment businesses reflect a wide range of industries, including merchants, distribution partners and financial institution customers in the Company's other segments.

Corporate and Other supports the reportable segments described above, and consists of amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets, unallocated corporate expenses and other activities that are not considered when management evaluates segment performance, such as gains or losses on sales of businesses or investments, costs associated with acquisition and divestiture activity, and the Company's Output Solutions postage reimbursements. Corporate and Other also includes the historical results of the Company's Investment Services business prior to the Company's disposal of its controlling financial interest in February 2020 (see Note 4), as well as certain transition services revenue associated with various dispositions.

Revenue and operating income (loss) for each reportable segment were as follows:

		Reportable Segments									
(In millions)		Acceptance		Fintech		Payments		Corporate and Other		Total	
Three Months Ended September 30, 2021		-				•					
Processing and services revenue	\$	1,458	\$	718	\$	1,227	\$	4	\$	3,407	
Product revenue		258		43		244		211		756	
Total revenue	\$	1,716	\$	761	\$	1,471	\$	215	\$	4,163	
Operating income (loss)	\$	552	\$	275	\$	643	\$	(834)	\$	636	
Three Months Ended September 30, 2020	==		_								
Processing and services revenue	\$	1,256	\$	684	\$	1,203	\$	10	\$	3,153	
Product revenue		198		43		184		208		633	
Total revenue	\$	1,454	\$	727	\$	1,387	\$	218	\$	3,786	
Operating income (loss)	\$	423	\$	265	\$	599	\$	(745)	\$	542	
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021			-								
Processing and services revenue	\$	4,079	\$	2,115	\$	3,602	\$	26	\$	9,822	
Product revenue		700		136		695		616		2,147	
Total revenue	\$	4,779	\$	2,251	\$	4,297	\$	642	\$	11,969	
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,463	\$	794	\$	1,850	\$	(2,352)	\$	1,755	
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020	==				_						
Processing and services revenue	\$	3,495	\$	2,032	\$	3,540	\$	51	\$	9,118	
Product revenue		583		127		553		639		1,902	
Total revenue	\$	4,078	\$	2,159	\$	4,093	\$	690	\$	11,020	
Operating income (loss)	\$	985	\$	721	\$	1,712	\$	(2,082)	\$	1,336	

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements

This quarterly report contains "forward-looking statements" intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include those that express a plan, belief, expectation, estimation, anticipation, intent, contingency, future development or similar expression, and can generally be identified as forward-looking because they include words such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "could," "should," or words of similar meaning. Statements that describe our future plans, objectives or goals are also forward-looking statements.

The forward-looking statements in this report involve significant risks and uncertainties, and a number of factors, both foreseen and unforeseen, that could cause actual results to differ materially from our current expectations. The factors that may affect our results include, among others, the following, many of which are, and may continue to be, amplified by the COVID-19 pandemic: the duration and intensity of the COVID-19 pandemic, including how quickly the global economy recovers from the impact of the pandemic; governmental and private sector responses to the COVID-19 pandemic and the impact of such responses on us; the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our employees, clients, vendors, supply chain, operations and sales; the possibility that we may be unable to achieve expected synergies and operating efficiencies from the acquisition of First Data Corporation ("First Data") within the expected time frames or that the integration of First Data may be more difficult, time-consuming or costly than expected; our ability to compete effectively against new and existing competitors and to continue to introduce competitive new products and services on a timely, cost-effective basis; changes in customer demand for our products and services; the ability of our technology to keep pace with a rapidly evolving marketplace; the successful management of our merchant alliance program which involves several alliances not under our sole control; the impact of a security breach or operational failure on our business including disruptions caused by other participants in the global financial system; the failure of our vendors and merchants to satisfy their obligations; the successful management of credit and fraud risks in our business and merchant alliances; changes in local, regional, national and international economic or political conditions and the impact they may have on us and our customers; the effect of proposed and enacted legislative and regulatory actions affecting us or the financial services industry as a whole; our ability to comply with government regulations and applicable card association and network rules; the protection and validity of intellectual property rights; the outcome of pending and future litigation and governmental proceedings; our ability to successfully identify, complete and integrate acquisitions, and to realize the anticipated benefits associated with the same; the impact of our strategic initiatives; our ability to attract and retain key personnel; volatility and disruptions in financial markets that may impact our ability to access preferred sources of financing and the terms on which we are able to obtain financing or increase our costs of borrowing; adverse impacts from currency exchange rates or currency controls; changes in corporate tax and interest rates; and other factors included in "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 and in other documents that we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, which are available at http://www.sec.gov. You should consider these factors carefully in evaluating forward-looking statements and are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such statements, which speak only as of the date of this report. We undertake no obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is provided as a supplement to our unaudited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes to help provide an understanding of our financial condition, the changes in our financial condition and our results of operations. Our discussion is organized as follows:

- Overview. This section contains background information on our company and the services and products that we provide, acquisitions and dispositions, and the trends affecting our industry in order to provide context for management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations.
- Changes in critical accounting policies and estimates. This section contains a discussion of changes since our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 in the accounting policies that we believe are important to our financial condition and results of operations and that require judgment and estimates on the part of management in their application.
- Results of operations. This section contains an analysis of our results of operations presented in the accompanying unaudited consolidated statements of income by comparing the results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 to the comparable periods in 2020.
- · Liquidity and capital resources. This section provides an analysis of our cash flows and a discussion of our outstanding debt at September 30, 2021.

Overview

Company Background

We are a leading global provider of payments and financial services technology solutions. We provide account processing and digital banking solutions; card issuer processing and network services; payments; e-commerce; merchant acquiring and processing; and the Clover® cloud-based point-of-sale ("POS") solution. We serve clients around the globe, including banks, credit unions, other financial institutions, corporate clients and merchants.

We aspire to move money and information in a way that moves the world by delivering superior value for our clients through leading technology, targeted innovation and excellence in everything we do. We are focused on driving growth and creating value by assembling a high-performing and diverse team, integrating our solutions, delivering operational excellence, allocating capital in a disciplined manner, including share repurchase and merger and acquisition activity, and delivering breakthrough innovation.

Our operations are comprised of the Merchant Acceptance ("Acceptance") segment, the Financial Technology ("Fintech") segment and the Payments and Network ("Payments") segment.

The businesses in our Acceptance segment provide a wide range of commerce-enabling solutions and serve merchants of all sizes around the world. These services include POS merchant acquiring and digital commerce services; mobile payment services; security and fraud protection products; CaratSM, our omnichannel commerce solution; and our cloud-based Clover® POS platform. We distribute the products and services in the global Acceptance segment businesses through a variety of channels, including direct sales teams, strategic partnerships with agent sales forces, independent software vendors, financial institutions, and other strategic partners in the form of joint venture alliances, revenue sharing alliances, and referral agreements. Merchants, financial institutions and distribution partners in the Acceptance segment are frequently clients of our other segments.

The businesses in our Fintech segment provide financial institutions around the world with the technology solutions they need to run their operations, including products and services that enable financial institutions to process customer deposit and loan accounts and manage an institution's general ledger and central information files. As a complement to the core account processing functionality, the global Fintech segment businesses also provide digital banking, financial and risk management, professional services and consulting, item processing and source capture, and other products and services that support numerous types of financial transactions. Certain of the businesses in the Fintech segment provide products or services to corporate clients to facilitate the management of financial processes and transactions. Many of the products and services offered in the Fintech segment are integrated with products and services provided by our other segments.

The businesses in our Payments segment provide financial institutions and corporate clients around the world with the products and services required to process digital payment transactions. This includes card transactions such as debit, credit and prepaid card processing and services; a range of network services, security and fraud protection products; card production and print services. In addition, the global Payments segment businesses offer non-card digital payment software and services, including bill payment, account-to-account transfers, person-to-person payments, electronic billing, and security and fraud protection products. Clients of the Payments segment businesses reflect a wide range of industries, including merchants, distribution partners and financial institution customers in our other segments.

Corporate and Other supports the reportable segments described above, and consists of amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets, unallocated corporate expenses and other activities that are not considered when we evaluate segment performance, such as gains or losses on sales of businesses or investments, costs associated with acquisition and divestiture activity, and our Output Solutions postage reimbursements. Corporate and Other also includes the historical results of our Investment Services business prior to the disposition of our controlling financial interest in February 2020, as well as certain transition services revenue associated with various dispositions.

Acquisitions and Dispositions

We frequently review our portfolio to ensure we have the right set of businesses to execute on our strategy. We expect to acquire businesses when we identify: a compelling strategic need, such as a product, service or technology that helps meet client demand; an opportunity to change industry dynamics; a way to achieve business scale; or similar considerations. We expect to divest businesses that are not in line with our market, product or financial strategies.

Acquisitions

On June 14, 2021, we acquired Spend Labs Inc. ("SpendLabs"), a mobile-native, cloud-based software provider of commercial card payment solutions. SpendLabs is included within the Payments segment and further expands our digital capabilities across

mobile and desktop devices for small and mid-sized businesses. On May 4, 2021, we acquired Pineapple Payments Holdings, LLC ("Pineapple Payments"), an independent sales organization that provides payment processing, proprietary technology, and payment acceptance solutions for merchants. Pineapple Payments is included within the Acceptance segment, and expands the reach of our payment solutions through its technology- and relationship-led distribution channels. On March 1, 2021, we acquired Radius8, Inc. ("Radius8"), a provider of a platform that uses consumer location and other information to drive incremental merchant transactions. Radius8 is included within the Acceptance segment and enhances our ability to help merchants increase sales, expand mobile application registration and improve one-to-one target marketing. On January 22, 2021, we acquired a remaining ownership interest in Ondot Systems, Inc. ("Ondot"), a digital experience platform provider for financial institutions. We previously held a noncontrolling equity interest in Ondot, which was accounted for at cost. Ondot is included within the Payments segment and further expands our digital capabilities, enhancing our suite of integrated payments, banking and merchant solutions. We acquired these businesses for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$524 million, net of \$19 million of acquired cash, and including earn-out provisions estimated at an aggregate fair value of \$30 million. The results of operations for these acquired businesses are included in our consolidated results from the respective dates of acquisition.

On March 2, 2020, we acquired MerchantPro Express LLC ("MerchantPro"), an independent sales organization that provides processing services, point-of-sale equipment and merchant cash advances to businesses across the United States. MerchantPro is included within the Acceptance segment and further expands our merchant services business. On March 18, 2020, we acquired Bypass Mobile, LLC ("Bypass"), an independent software vendor and innovator in enterprise point-of-sale systems for sports and entertainment venues, food service management providers and national restaurant chains. Bypass is included within the Acceptance segment and further enhances our ability to help businesses deliver seamless physical and digital customer experiences. On May 11, 2020, we acquired Inlet, LLC ("Inlet"), a provider of secure digital delivery solutions for enterprise and middle-market biller invoices and statements. Inlet is included within the Payments segment and further enhances our digital bill payment strategy. We acquired these businesses for an aggregate purchase price of \$167 million, net of \$2 million of acquired cash, and including earn-out provisions estimated at an aggregate fair value of \$45 million. The results of operations for these acquired businesses are included in our consolidated results from the respective dates of acquisition.

On October 18, 2021, we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire BentoBox CMS, Inc. ("BentoBox"), a digital marketing and commerce platform that helps restaurants connect with their guests and that will expand our Clover[®] dining solutions and commerce and business management capabilities. We expect the acquisition to close in the fourth quarter of 2021, subject to customary approvals and closing conditions. Upon closing of the acquisition, BentoBox will be included within the Acceptance segment.

Dispositions

Effective July 1, 2020, we and Bank of America ("BANA") dissolved the Banc of America Merchant Services joint venture ("BAMS" or the "joint venture"), of which we maintained a 51% controlling ownership interest. Upon dissolution of the joint venture's operations, the joint venture transferred a proportionate share of value, primarily the client contracts, to each party via an agreed upon contractual separation. The transfer of value to BANA was accounted for at fair value, resulting in the recognition of a pre-tax gain of \$36 million, with a related tax expense of \$13 million. The remaining activities of the joint venture consist of supporting the transition of the business to each party and an orderly wind down of remaining BAMS assets and liabilities. The revenues and expenses of the BAMS joint venture were consolidated into our financial results through the date of dissolution. The business transferred to us is included within our Acceptance segment.

We continue to provide merchant processing and related services to former BAMS clients allocated to BANA, at BAMS pricing, through June 2023. We also provide processing and other support services to new BANA merchant clients pursuant to a five-year non-exclusive agreement which, after June 2023, will also apply to the former BAMS clients allocated to BANA. In addition, both companies are entitled to certain transition services, at fair value, from each other through June 2023.

On February 18, 2020, we sold a 60% controlling interest of our Investment Services business, subsequently renamed as Tegra118, LLC ("Tegra118"). We receive pre-tax proceeds of \$578 million, net of related expenses, resulting in a pre-tax gain on the sale of \$428 million, with a related tax expense of \$112 millio. The revenues, expenses and cash flows of the Investment Services business were consolidated into our financial results through the date of the sale transaction, and is reported within Corporate and Other. On February 2, 2021, Tegra118 completed a merger with a third party, resulting in a dilution of our ownership interest in the combined new entity, Wealthtech Holdings, LLC, which was subsequently renamed as InvestCloud Holdings, LLC ("InvestCloud"). In connection with the transaction, we made an additional capital contribution of \$200 million into the combined entity and recognized a pre-tax gain of \$28 million, with a related tax expense of \$6 million. On June 30, 2021, we sold our entire ownership interest in InvestCloud for \$466 million, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$33 million, with a related tax expense of \$8 million. We will continue to provide various technical and data center related services for defined periods under the terms of a pre-existing transition services agreement.

Industry Trends

The global payments landscape continues to evolve, with rapidly advancing technologies and a steady expansion of digital payments, e-commerce, and innovation in real-time payments infrastructure. Because of this growth, competition also continues to evolve. Business and consumer expectations continue to rise, with a focus on convenience and security. To meet these expectations, payments companies are focused on modernizing their technology, expanding the use of data and enhancing the customer experience.

Merchants

The rapid growth in and globalization of mobile and e-commerce, driven by consumers' desire for simpler, more efficient shopping experiences, has created an opportunity for merchants to reach consumers in high-growth online and mobile settings, which often requires a merchant acquiring provider to enable and optimize the acceptance of payments. Merchants are demanding simpler, integrated, and modern POS systems to help manage their everyday business operations. When combined with the ever-increasing ways a consumer can pay for goods and services, merchants have sought modern POS systems to streamline this complexity. Furthermore, merchants can now search, discover, compare, purchase and even install a new POS system through direct, digital-only experiences. This direct, digital-only channel is quickly becoming a source of new merchant acquisition opportunities, especially with respect to smaller merchants.

In addition, there are numerous software-as-a-service ("SaaS") solutions in the industry, many of which have chosen to integrate merchant acquiring within their software as a way to further monetize their client relationships. SaaS solutions that integrate payments are often referred to as independent software vendors, and we believe there are thousands of these potential distribution partnership opportunities available to us.

We believe that our merchant acquiring products and solutions create compelling value propositions for merchant clients of all sizes, from small and mid-sized businesses to medium-sized regional businesses to global enterprise merchants, and across all verticals. Furthermore, we believe that our sizable and diverse client base, combined with valued partnerships with merchant acquiring businesses of small, medium and large financial institutions, and non-financial institutions, gives us a solid foundation for growth.

Financial Institutions

The market for products and services offered by financial institutions continues to evolve rapidly. The traditional financial industry and other market entrants regularly introduce and implement new payment, deposit, risk management, lending and investment products, and the distinctions among the products and services traditionally offered by different types of financial institutions continue to narrow as they seek to serve the same customers. At the same time, the evolving global regulatory and cybersecurity landscape has continued to create a challenging operating environment for financial institutions. These conditions are driving heightened interest in solutions that help financial institutions win and retain customers, generate incremental revenue, comply with regulations and enhance operating efficiency. Examples of these solutions include electronic payments and delivery methods such as internet, mobile and tablet banking, sometimes referred to as "digital channels."

The focus on digital channels by both financial institutions and their customers, as well as the growing volume and types of payment transactions in the marketplace, continues to elevate the data and transaction processing needs of financial institutions. We expect that financial institutions will continue to invest significant capital and human resources to process transactions, manage information, maintain regulatory compliance and offer innovative new services to their customers in this rapidly evolving and competitive environment. We anticipate that we will benefit over the long term from the trend of financial institutions moving from in-house technology to outsourced solutions as they seek to remain current on technology changes in an evolving marketplace. We believe that economies of scale in developing and maintaining the infrastructure, technology, products, services and networks necessary to be competitive in such an environment are essential to justify these investments, and we anticipate that demand for products that facilitate customer interaction with financial institutions, including electronic transactions through digital channels, will continue to increase, which we expect to create revenue opportunities for us.

In addition to the trends described above, the financial institutions marketplace has experienced change in composition as well. The number of financial institutions in the United States continues to decline, primarily as a result of voluntary mergers and acquisitions. Rather than reducing the overall market, these consolidations transfer accounts among financial institutions. If a client loss occurs due to merger or acquisition, we receive a contract termination fee based on the size of the client and how early in the contract term the contract is terminated. These fees can vary from period to period with the variance depending on the quantum of financial institution merger activity in a given period and whether or not our clients are involved in the activity. Our focus on long-term client relationships and recurring, transaction-oriented products and services has also reduced the impact that consolidation in the financial services industry has had on us. We believe that the integration of our products and services creates a compelling value proposition for our clients by providing, among other things, new sources of revenue and

opportunities to reduce their costs. Furthermore, we believe that our sizable and diverse client base, combined with our position as a leading provider of non-discretionary, recurring revenue-based products and services, gives us a solid foundation for growth.

Recent Market Conditions

Since early 2020, the world has been, and continues to be, impacted by the novel strain of the coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic, and various measures imposed by the governments of many countries, states, cities and other geographic regions to prevent its spread, have negatively impacted global economic and market conditions, including levels of consumer and business spending. Consequently, our operating performance, primarily within our merchant acquiring and payment-related businesses, which earn transaction-based fees, has been adversely affected, and may continue to be adversely affected, by the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Such uncertainty remains despite improving trends in global economic activity and market conditions.

We have taken several actions since the onset of the pandemic to protect the health, safety and well-being of our employees while maintaining business continuity. These actions include, among others, eliminating non-essential travel, limiting visitors to our facilities, disinfecting facilities and workspaces extensively and frequently, providing onsite COVID-19 testing and personal protective equipment to associates and requiring employees who are present at our facilities to adhere to a variety of safety protocols. In addition, we have expanded paid time-off for employees impacted by COVID-19, provided increased pay for certain employees involved in critical infrastructure, and expanded our Fisery Cares program to benefit employees in need around the world. We have reopened our offices in the United States and certain other geographies during the third quarter of 2021 and expect to continue to reopen our facilities in remaining locations while observing appropriate safety measures.

Our operating performance is subject to global economic and market conditions, as well as their impacts on levels of consumer and business spending. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and the related decline in global economic activity, we experienced a significant decrease in payments volume and transactions beginning in late March 2020 that negatively impacted our merchant acquiring and payment-related businesses, which earn transaction-based fees, as well as modest declines in other businesses. Merchant acquiring transaction and payment volumes began to partially recover throughout the remainder of 2020 and have continued to grow through the third quarter of 2021. Accordingly, our merchant acquiring and payment-related businesses were less impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic during the first nine months of 2021 than they were throughout most of fiscal 2020. While this current business trend is positive, the uncertainty caused by the pandemic continues to create an economic environment where our future financial results remain difficult to anticipate. We currently expect payments volume and transactions to continue to improve throughout the remainder of 2021, consistent with consumer and business spending experienced to date.

The extent of the impact of the pandemic on our future operational and financial performance will depend on, among other matters, the duration and intensity of the pandemic; governmental and private sector responses to the pandemic and the impact of such responses on us; the level of success of global vaccination efforts; and the impact of the pandemic on our employees, clients, vendors, supply chain, operations and sales, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted.

In 2021, we began observing increasing shortages and delays in the global supply chain for components and inputs necessary to our businesses, such as semiconductors, paper and plastic, and may experience difficulty procuring those components and inputs in the future on a timely basis or at historical prices.

Changes in Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which require management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. In our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, we identified our critical accounting policies and estimates. We continually evaluate the accounting policies and estimates that we use to prepare our consolidated financial statements, including for recently adopted accounting pronouncements, and base our estimates on historical experience and assumptions that we believe are reasonable in light of current circumstances. Actual amounts and results could differ materially from these estimates. There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Results of Operations

The following table presents certain amounts included in our consolidated statements of income, the relative percentage that those amounts represent to revenue and the change in those amounts from year to year. This information should be read

together with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The unaudited financial results presented below have been affected by acquisitions, dispositions, and foreign currency fluctuations.

Following the acquisition of First Data, we have continued to implement our post-merger integration plans to achieve synergies and future expected economic benefits, including enhanced revenue growth from expanded capabilities and geographic presence as well as substantial cost savings from the elimination of duplicative overhead and enhanced operational efficiency. We expect to complete the integration activities associated with the achievement of cost synergies related to the First Data acquisition by the end of 2021 and therefore expect a reduction in the amount of acquisition and integration related expenses thereafter.

	Three Months Ended September 30,							
(In millions)				Percent Reven		Increase (Decrease)		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	\$	%	
Revenue:								
Processing and services	\$	3,407	\$ 3,153	81.8 %	83.3 %	\$ 254	8 %	
Product		756	633	18.2 %	16.7 %	123	19 %	
Total revenue		4,163	3,786	100.0 %	100.0 %	377	10 %	
Expenses:								
Cost of processing and services		1,530	1,387	44.9 %	44.0 %	143	10 %	
Cost of product		521	481	68.9 %	76.0 %	40	8 %	
Sub-total		2,051	1,868	49.3 %	49.3 %	183	10 %	
Selling, general and administrative		1,476	1,412	35.5 %	37.3 %	64	5 %	
Gain on sale of businesses		_	(36)	%	(1.0)%	36	n/m	
Total expenses		3,527	3,244	84.7 %	85.7 %	283	9 %	
Operating income		636	542	15.3 %	14.3 %	94	17 %	
Interest expense, net		(172)	(174)	(4.1)%	(4.6)%	(2)	(1) %	
Other income		14	13	0.3 %	0.3 %	1	8 %	
Income before income taxes and income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates		478	381	11.5 %	10.1 %	97	25 %	
Income tax provision		(54)	(124)	(1.3)%	(3.3)%	(70)	56 %	
Income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates		22	19	0.5 %	0.5 %	3	16 %	
Net income		446	276	10.7 %	7.3 %	170	62 %	
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		18	12	0.4 %	0.3 %	6	50 %	
Net income attributable to Fiserv, Inc.	\$	428	\$ 264	10.3 %	7.0 %	\$ 164	62 %	

⁽¹⁾ Percentage of revenue is calculated as the relevant revenue, expense, income or loss amount divided by total revenue, except for cost of processing and services and cost of product amounts, which are divided by the related component of revenue.

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	Percentage of Revenue ⁽¹⁾			Increase (Decrease)						
(In millions)	2021		2020		2021	2020	\$		%	
Revenue:										
Processing and services	\$	9,822	\$	9,118	82.1 %	82.7 %	\$	704	8 %	
Product		2,147		1,902	17.9 %	17.3 %		245	13 %	
Total revenue		11,969		11,020	100.0 %	100.0 %		949	9 %	
Expenses:										
Cost of processing and services		4,425		4,488	45.1 %	49.2 %		(63)	(1) %	
Cost of product		1,500		1,467	69.9 %	77.1 %		33	2 %	
Sub-total Sub-total		5,925		5,955	49.5 %	54.0 %		(30)	(1) %	
Selling, general and administrative		4,289		4,193	35.8 %	38.0 %		96	2 %	
Gain on sale of businesses		_		(464)	—%	(4.2)%		464	n/m	
Total expenses		10,214		9,684	85.3 %	87.9 %		530	5 %	
Operating income		1,755		1,336	14.7 %	12.1 %		419	31 %	
Interest expense, net		(523)		(535)	(4.4)%	(4.9)%		12	2 %	
Other income		36		34	0.3 %	0.3 %		2	6 %	
Income before income taxes and income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates		1,268		835	10.6 %	7.6 %		433	52 %	
Income tax provision		(300)		(176)	(2.5)%	(1.6)%		(124)	70 %	
Income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates		80		3	0.7 %	—%		77	n/m	
Net income		1,048		662	8.8 %	6.0 %		386	58 %	
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		47		4	0.4 %	—%		43	n/m	
Net income attributable to Fisery, Inc.		1,001	\$	658	8.4 %	6.0 %	\$	343	52 %	

Percentage of revenue is calculated as the relevant revenue, expense, income or loss amount divided by total revenue, except for cost of processing and services and cost of product amounts, which are divided by the related component of revenue.

Three Months Ended September 30,

(In millions)	<u>-</u>	Acceptance	Fintech	Payments	Corporate and Other		Total
Total revenue:						_	
2021	\$	1,716	\$ 761	\$ 1,471	\$ 215	\$	4,163
2020		1,454	727	1,387	218		3,786
Revenue growth	\$	262	\$ 34	\$ 84	\$ (3)	\$	377
Revenue growth percentage		18 %	5 %	6 %			10 %
Operating income (loss):							
2021	\$	552	\$ 275	\$ 643	\$ (834)	\$	636
2020		423	265	599	(745)		542
Operating income growth	\$	129	\$ 10	\$ 44	\$ (89)	\$	94
Operating income growth percentage		30 %	4 %	7 %			17 %
Operating margin:							
2021		32.2 %	36.0 %	43.7 %			15.3 %
2020		29.1 %	36.4 %	43.2 %			14.3 %
Operating margin growth (1)		310 bps	(40) bps	50 bps			100 br

Nine M	Ionths	Ended	Septem	ber 30,
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					Corporate			
(In millions)	Acceptance		Fintech	Payments	and Other		Total	
Total revenue:								
2021	\$ 4,779	\$	2,251	\$ 4,297	\$ 642	\$	11,969	
2020	4,078		2,159	4,093	690		11,020	
Revenue growth	\$ 701	\$	92	\$ 204	\$ (48)	\$	949	
Revenue growth percentage	17 %		4 %	5 %			9 %	
Operating income (loss):								
2021	\$ 1,463	\$	794	\$ 1,850	\$ (2,352)	\$	1,755	
2020	985		721	1,712	(2,082)		1,336	
Operating income growth	\$ 478	\$	73	\$ 138	\$ (270)	\$	419	
Operating income growth percentage	49 %		10 %	8 %			31 %	
Operating margin:								
2021	30.6 %		35.3 %	43.1 %			14.7 %	
2020	24.1 %		33.4 %	41.8 %			12.1 %	
Operating margin growth (1)	650 bps		190 bps	130 bps			260 bps	

⁽¹⁾ Represents the basis point growth or decline in operating margin.

Operating margin percentages are calculated using actual, unrounded amounts.

Total Revenue

Total revenue increased \$377 million, or 10%, in the third quarter of 2021 and increased \$949 million, or 9%, in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. The revenue increase was primarily due to improved payment and transaction volumes in our merchant acquiring and payment-related businesses, which were adversely affected by the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic during the prior year. This growth was partially offset by the loss of revenue attributable to dispositions that had revenue of \$155 million in the first nine months of 2020.

Revenue in our Acceptance segment increased \$262 million, or 18%, in the third quarter of 2021 and increased \$701 million, or 17%, in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. The revenue increase was primarily due to improved merchant

acquiring payment and transaction volumes, which were adversely affected in the prior year by the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Revenue increases from volume growth were partially offset by revenue reductions from the dissolution of the BAMS joint venture of 3% in the first nine months of 2021.

Revenue in our Fintech segment increased \$34 million, or 5%, in the third quarter of 2021 and increased \$92 million, or 4%, in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020, driven by recurring revenue growth from higher processing revenue across our Fintech businesses.

Revenue in our Payments segment increased \$84 million, or 6%, in the third quarter of 2021 and increased \$204 million, or 5%, in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Payments segment revenue growth was driven by revenue contributions of 3% from our debit processing business in both the third quarter and first nine months of 2021 primarily attributable to increased transaction volumes and favorable pricing. Increased volumes also drove favorable revenue growth across our remaining Payments segment businesses in 2021, other than reductions in our bill payment business which partially offset revenue growth by 1% in both the third quarter and first nine months of 2021.

Revenue at Corporate and Other decreased \$3 million, or 1%, in the third quarter of 2021 and decreased \$48 million, or 7%, in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Postage revenue declines and the disposition of a 60% controlling interest of our Investment Services business each reduced Corporate and Other revenue in the first nine months of 2021 by 3%.

Total Expenses

Total expenses increased \$283 million, or 9%, in the third quarter of 2021 and increased \$530 million, or 5%, in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Total expenses as a percentage of total revenue decreased 100 basis points to 84.7% in the third quarter and decreased 260 basis points to 85.3% in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Total expenses as a percentage of total revenue were favorably impacted in 2021 by operating leverage accompanying revenue growth. A reduction in acquisition and integration related expenses of \$151 million and lower employee termination costs of \$60 million favorably impacted total expenses as a percentage of total revenue in the first nine months of 2021.

Cost of processing and services as a percentage of processing and services revenue increased to 44.9% in the third quarter of 2021 compared to 44.0% in the third quarter of 2020 and decreased to 45.1% in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 49.2% in the first nine months of 2020. Cost of processing and services as a percentage of processing and services revenue was favorably impacted in the first nine months of 2021 primarily due to strong operating leverage across our businesses, along with approximately 40 basis points from decreased acquisition and integration related expenses and approximately 30 basis points from decreased employee termination costs compared to the first nine months of 2020, respectively.

Cost of product as a percentage of product revenue decreased to 68.9% in the third quarter of 2021 compared to 76.0% in the third quarter of 2020 and decreased to 69.9% in first nine months of 2021 compared to 77.1% in the first nine months of 2020. The cost of product as a percentage of product revenue improved in the third quarter and first nine months of 2021 as a result of revenue mix.

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenue decreased to 35.5% in the third quarter of 2021 compared to 37.3% in the third quarter of 2020 and decreased to 35.8% in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 38.0% in the first nine months of 2020. The decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenue in 2021 was primarily due to strong operating leverage across our businesses, along with approximately 110 basis points from decreased acquisition and integration related expenses and approximately 20 basis points from decreased employee termination costs in the first nine months of 2021.

The gains on sale of businesses in 2020 resulted from a gain of \$428 million on the sale of a 60% interest of our Investment Services business in February 2020 and a gain of \$36 million on the dissolution of BAMS in July 2020.

Operating Income and Operating Margin

Total operating income increased \$94 million, or 17%, in the third quarter of 2021 and increased \$419 million, or 31%, in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Total operating margin increased 100 basis points to 15.3% in the third quarter of 2021 and increased 260 basis points to 14.7% in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Total operating income and total operating margin benefited from improved operating leverage accompanying scalable revenue growth in the third quarter and first nine months of 2021 and benefited from a reduction in acquisition and integration related expenses and lower employee termination costs in the first nine months of 2021 as noted above. Total operating income and total operating margin were also impacted by a \$428 million gain on sale of a 60% interest of our Investment Services business in February 2020 and a \$36 million gain on the dissolution of BAMS in July 2020.

Operating income in our Acceptance segment increased \$129 million, or 30%, in the third quarter of 2021 and increased \$478 million, or 49%, in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Operating margin increased 310 basis points to 32.2% in the third quarter of 2021 and increased 650 basis points to 30.6% in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Acceptance operating margin growth in both the third quarter and first nine months of 2021 was primarily due to scalable revenue growth as discussed above.

Operating income in our Fintech segment increased \$10 million, or 4%, in the third quarter of 2021 and increased \$73 million, or 10% in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Operating margin decreased 40 basis points to 36.0% in the third quarter of 2021 and increased 190 basis points to 35.3% in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Operating margin improvement in the first nine months of 2021 was driven by scalable revenue growth discussed above and also reflects the impact of expense management initiatives across the segment, including lower personnel costs of approximately 80 basis points and additional expense reductions attributable to lower travel and marketing expenses of approximately 30 basis points.

Operating income in our Payments segment increased \$44 million, or 7%, in the third quarter of 2021 and increased \$138 million, or 8%, in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Operating margin increased 50 basis points to 43.7% in the third quarter of 2021 and increased 130 basis points to 43.1% in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Payments segment operating margin growth in both the third quarter and first nine months of 2021 was primarily attributable to scalable revenue growth as discussed above.

The operating loss in Corporate and Other increased \$89 million in the third quarter of 2021 and increased \$270 million in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Corporate and Other was unfavorably impacted by increases in acquisition and integration costs of \$37 million in the third quarter of 2021 compared to 2020. Corporate and Other was favorably impacted by a reduction of acquisition and integration related costs of \$151 million and lower employee termination costs of \$60 million in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Additionally, Corporate and Other was favorably impacted by a \$428 million gain on sale of a 60% interest of our Investment Services business in February 2020 and a \$36 million gain on the dissolution of BAMS in July 2020.

Interest Expense, Net

Interest expense, net was relatively consistent in the third quarter of 2021 compared to 2020, and decreased \$12 million, or 2%, in the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020 primarily due to lower outstanding borrowings.

Other Income

Other income was relatively consistent through the first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020. Other income includes net foreign currency transaction gains and losses, gains or losses from a change in fair value of investments in certain equity securities, amounts related to the release of risk under our non-contingent guarantee arrangements and changes in the provision of estimated credit losses associated with indebtedness of certain joint ventures. Other income includes net foreign currency transaction gains of \$8 million and \$3 million in the first nine months of 2021 and 2020, respectively. In addition, other income includes \$12 million in the first nine months of 2021 related to a pretax gain on the remeasurement of a previously held investment in Ondot to fair value upon acquiring the remaining ownership interest in that entity and \$19 million in the first nine months of 2020 related to a pre-tax gain on the sale of certain lease receivables.

Income Tax Provision

Income tax provision as a percentage of income before income taxes and income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates was 11.3% and 32.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and was 23.7% and 21.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The effective income tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2021 includes discrete tax benefits from subsidiary restructurings and changes in uncertain tax positions. The effective income tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2020 included \$32 million of income tax expense related to the revaluation of certain net deferred tax liabilities as a result of an increase in the United Kingdom corporate income tax rate from 17% to 19% in the quarter.

The effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 includes \$134 million of income tax expense attributed to the revaluation of certain net deferred tax liabilities, primarily related to intangible assets and investments in joint ventures recognized at fair value in connection with the acquisition of First Data, reflecting the effect of enacted corporate income tax rate changes in the United Kingdom (tax rate increase from 19% to 25% starting in 2023) and Argentina (tax rate increase from 25% to 35%), partially offset by discrete tax benefits from subsidiary restructurings, changes in uncertain tax positions and equity compensation related tax benefits. The effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 included \$112 million of income tax expense associated with the \$428 million gain on the sale of a 60% interest of our

Investment Services business and \$32 million of income tax expense noted above, partially offset by changes in uncertain tax positions and equity compensation related tax benefits.

Income from Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates

Our share of net income from affiliates accounted for using the equity method of accounting is reported as income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates and the related tax expense or benefit is reported within the income tax provision in the consolidated statements of income. Income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates, including acquired intangible asset amortization from valuations in purchase accounting, was \$22 million and \$19 million in the third quarter of 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$80 million and \$3 million in the first nine months of 2021 and 2020, respectively. Income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates for the first nine months of 2021 included a \$33 million pre-tax gain resulting from the sale of our remaining ownership interest in InvestCloud and a \$28 million pre-tax gain resulting from the dilution of our ownership interest in connection with the Tegra118 merger with a third party.

Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests relates to the ownership interest of our consolidated alliance partners in our consolidated results. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests, including acquired intangible asset amortization from valuations in purchase accounting, was \$18 million and \$12 million in the third quarter of 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$47 million and \$4 million in the first nine months of 2021 and 2020, respectively. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests increased in the third quarter and first nine months of 2021 compared to 2020 due to improved operating results within the consolidating subsidiaries.

Net Income Per Share - Diluted

Net income attributable to Fisery, Inc. per share-diluted was \$0.64 and \$0.39 in the third quarter of 2021 and 2020, respectively, and was \$1.49 and \$0.96 in the first nine months of 2021 and 2020, respectively. Net income attributable to Fisery, Inc. per share-diluted increased in the third quarter and in the first nine months of 2021 primarily as a result of the improved operating results discussed above. Net income attributable to Fisery, Inc. per share-diluted in the third quarter of 2021 also included lower tax expense due to subsidiary restructurings and changes in uncertain tax positions.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

Our primary liquidity needs in the ordinary course of business are to: (i) fund normal operating expenses; (ii) meet the interest and principal requirements of our outstanding indebtedness, including finance leases; and (iii) fund capital expenditures and operating lease payments. We believe these needs will be satisfied using cash flow generated by our operations, along with our cash and cash equivalents of \$933 million, proceeds from the issuance of U.S. commercial paper notes, and available capacity under our revolving credit facility of \$2.0 billion (net of outstanding balance and \$1.4 billion of capacity designated for outstanding borrowings under our commercial paper notes program) at September 30, 2021.

The following table summarizes our operating cash flow and capital expenditure amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively:

	Nine Mon Septem		Increase (Decrease)			
(In millions)	2021	2020		\$	%	
Net income	\$ 1,048	\$ 662	\$	386		
Depreciation and amortization	2,456	2,472		(16)		
Share-based compensation	190	286		(96)		
Deferred income taxes	(266)	(125)		(141)		
Gain on sale of businesses	_	(464)		464		
Income from investments in unconsolidated affiliates	(80)	(3)		(77)		
Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates	17	12		5		
Non-cash impairment charges	6	44		(38)		
Net changes in working capital and other	(680)	77		(757)		
Operating cash flow	\$ 2,691	\$ 2,961	\$	(270)	(9) %	
Capital expenditures, including capitalized software and other intangibles	\$ 814	\$ 689	\$	125	18 %	

Our net cash provided by operating activities, or operating cash flow, was \$2.7 billion in the first nine months of 2021, a decrease of 9% compared with \$3.0 billion in the first nine months of 2020. This decrease was primarily attributable to higher working capital use compared to the prior period, including increased accounts receivable corresponding to revenue growth, and higher income tax payments following consumption of federal net operating loss carryforwards, partially offset by improved operating

Our current policy is to use our operating cash flow primarily to fund capital expenditures, share repurchases, acquisitions and to repay debt rather than to pay dividends. Our capital expenditures were approximately 7% and 6% of our total revenue for the first nine months of 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Share Repurchases

We repurchased \$1.6 billion and \$1.4 billion of our common stock during the first nine months of 2021 and 2020, respectively. As of September 30, 2021, we had approximately 52.3 million shares remaining under our current repurchase authorization. Shares repurchased are generally held for issuance in connection with our equity plans.

Acquisitions and Dispositions

Acquisitions

In June 2021 we acquired SpendLabs, in May 2021 we acquired Pineapple Payments, and in March 2021 we acquired Radius8. Additionally, in January 2021, we acquired a remaining ownership interest in Ondot, in which we previously held a noncontrolling equity interest. We acquired these businesses for an aggregate purchase price of \$524 million, net of \$19 million of acquired cash, and including earn-out provisions estimated at an aggregate fair value of \$30 million. We funded these acquisitions by utilizing a combination of available cash and existing availability under our revolving credit facility. The results of operations for these acquired businesses are included in our consolidated results from the respective dates of acquisition.

In May 2020, we acquired Inlet and, in March 2020, we acquired MerchantPro and Bypass. We acquired these businesses for an aggregate purchase price of \$167 million, net of \$2 million of acquired cash, and including earn-out provisions estimated at a fair value of \$45 million. We funded these acquisitions by utilizing a combination of available cash and existing availability under our revolving credit facility. The results of operations for these acquired businesses are included in our consolidated results from the respective dates of acquisition.

On October 18, 2021, we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire BentoBox, which we expect to close in the fourth quarter of 2021, subject to customary approvals and closing conditions. We plan to fund this acquisition by utilizing a combination of available cash and available borrowing capacity.

Dispositions

Effective July 2020, we and BANA dissolved the BAMS joint venture, of which we maintained a 51% controlling ownership interest. Upon dissolution of the joint venture's operations, the joint venture transferred a proportionate share of value, primarily the client contracts, to each party via an agreed upon contractual separation. The remaining activities of the joint venture consist of supporting the transition of the business to each party and an orderly wind down of remaining BAMS assets and liabilities. The revenues and expenses of the BAMS joint venture were consolidated into our financial results through the date of dissolution. The business transferred to us is included within our Acceptance segment. We continue to provide merchant processing and related services to former BAMS clients allocated to BANA, at BAMS pricing, through June 2023. We also provide processing and other support services to new BANA merchant clients pursuant to a five-year non-exclusive agreement which, after June 2023, will also apply to the former BAMS clients allocated to BANA. In addition, both companies are entitled to certain transition services, at fair value, from each other through June 2023.

In February 2020, we sold a 60% controlling interest of our Investment Services business, subsequently renamed as Tegra118. We received pre-tax proceeds of \$578 million, net of related expenses, resulting in a pre-tax gain on the sale of \$428 million, with the related tax expense of \$112 million. The revenues, expenses and cash flows of the Investment Services business were consolidated into our financial results through the date of the sale transaction. The net proceeds from the sale were primarily used to repurchase shares of our common stock. In February 2021, Tegra118 completed a merger with a third party, resulting in a dilution of our ownership interest in the combined new entity, Wealthtech Holdings, LLC, which was subsequently renamed as InvestCloud. In connection with the transaction, we made an additional capital contribution, funded under our revolving credit facility, of \$200 million into the combined entity and recognized a pre-tax gain of \$28 million, with a related tax expense of \$6 million. In June 2021, we sold our entire ownership interest in InvestCloud for \$466 million, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$33 million, with a related tax expense of \$8 million. The net proceeds from the sale were primarily used to pay down outstanding borrowings on our term loan facility.

Indebtedness

(In millions)	Septen	September 30, 2021 Dece		
Short-term and current maturities of long-term debt:				
Foreign lines of credit	\$	155 5	§ 144	
Finance lease and other financing obligations		294	240	
Total short-term and current maturities of long-term debt	\$	449	384	
Long-term debt:				
4.750% senior notes due June 2021	\$	_ \$	\$ 400	
3.500% senior notes due October 2022		700	700	
0.375% senior notes due July 2023 (Euro-denominated)		579	612	
3.800% senior notes due October 2023		1,000	1,000	
2.750% senior notes due July 2024		2,000	2,000	
3.850% senior notes due June 2025		900	900	
2.250% senior notes due July 2025 (British Pound-denominated)		707	709	
3.200% senior notes due July 2026		2,000	2,000	
2.250% senior notes due June 2027		1,000	1,000	
1.125% senior notes due July 2027 (Euro-denominated)		579	612	
4.200% senior notes due October 2028		1,000	1,000	
3.500% senior notes due July 2029		3,000	3,000	
2.650% senior notes due June 2030		1,000	1,000	
1.625% senior notes due July 2030 (Euro-denominated)		579	612	
3.000% senior notes due July 2031 (British Pound-denominated)		707	709	
4.400% senior notes due July 2049		2,000	2,000	
Receivable securitized loan		500	425	
Term loan facility		355	1,250	
Unamortized discount and deferred financing costs		(131)	(155)	
U.S. commercial paper notes		1,377	_	
Revolving credit facility		107	22	
Finance lease and other financing obligations		581	504	
Total long-term debt	\$	20,540	\$ 20,300	

At September 30, 2021, our debt consisted primarily of \$17.8 billion of fixed-rate senior notes an \$1.4 billion of outstanding borrowings under our U.S. commercial paper notes program. Interest on our U.S. dollar-denominated senior notes is paid semi-annually, while interest on our Euro and British Pound-denominated senior notes is paid annually. Interest on our revolving credit facility and commercial paper notes is generally paid weekly, or more frequently on occasion, and interest on our term loan is paid monthly. Outstanding borrowings under the receivable securitized loan, which matures in July 2022, and U.S commercial paper notes program are classified in the consolidated balance sheet as long-term, as we have the intent to refinance these borrowings on a long-term basis through the continued issuance of new commercial paper notes upon maturity, and we also have the ability to refinance such borrowings under our revolving credit facility. We used the net proceeds from the issuance of U.S commercial paper notes to repay borrowings outstanding under our revolving credit facility as of the issuance date, to repay the 4.750% senior notes that matured in June 2021, and to pay down outstanding borrowings on our term loan facility.

The indentures governing our senior notes contain covenants that, among other matters, limit (i) our ability to consolidate or merge with or into, or convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all of our properties and assets to, another person, (ii) our and certain of our subsidiaries' ability to create or assume liens, and (iii) our and certain of our subsidiaries' ability to engage in sale and leaseback transactions. We may, at our option, redeem the senior notes, in whole or in part, at any time prior to the applicable maturity date.

The revolving credit facility and term loan facility contain various restrictions and covenants that require us, among other things, to (i) limit our consolidated indebtedness as of the end of each fiscal quarter to no more than three and one-half times our consolidated net earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, non-cash charges and expenses and certain other adjustments ("EBITDA") during the period of four fiscal quarters then ended, subject to certain exceptions, and (ii) maintain EBITDA of at least three times our consolidated interest expense as of the end of each fiscal quarter for the period of four fiscal quarters then ended.

During the first nine months of 2021, we were in compliance with all financial debt covenants. Our ability to meet future debt covenant requirements will depend on our continued ability to generate earnings and cash flows. We expect to remain in compliance with all terms and conditions associated with our outstanding debt, including financial debt covenants.

Variable Rate Debt

Our variable rate debt consisted of the following at September 30, 2021:

(In millions)	Maturity	Weighted-Average Interest Rate	Outstandi	ng Borrowings
Foreign lines of credit	n/a	29.39%	\$	155
Receivable securitized loan	July 2022	0.93%		500
Term loan facility	July 2024	1.34%		355
U.S. commercial paper notes	various	0.19%		1,377
Revolving credit facility	September 2023	1.17%		107
Total variable rate debt			\$	2,494

We maintain short-term lines of credit with foreign banks and alliance partners primarily to fund settlement activity. These arrangements are primarily associated with our international operations and are in various functional currencies, the most significant of which is the Argentine peso.

We maintain a consolidated wholly-owned subsidiary, First Data Receivables, LLC ("FDR"). FDR is a party to certain receivables financing arrangements, including an agreement ("Receivables Financing Agreement") with certain financial institutions and other persons from time to time party thereto as lenders and group agents, pursuant to which certain of our wholly-owned subsidiaries have agreed to transfer and contribute receivables to FDR, and FDR in turn may obtain borrowings from the financial institutions and other lender parties to the Receivables Financing Agreement secured by liens on those receivables. FDR's assets are not available to satisfy the obligations of any other of our entities or affiliates, and FDR's creditors would be entitled, upon its liquidation, to be satisfied out of FDR's assets prior to any assets or value in FDR becoming available to us. FDR held \$1.0 billion in receivables as part of the securitization program, and utilized the receivables as collateral in borrowings of \$500 million at September 30, 2021. Outstanding borrowings bear interest at a variable rate based on LIBOR plus a specified margin. At September 30, 2021, the collateral capacity under the Receivables Financing Agreement was \$766 million, and the maximum borrowing capacity was \$500 million.

Beginning in May 2021, we have maintained a U.S. unsecured commercial paper notes program with various maturities generally ranging from one to four weeks. Outstanding borrowings under the commercial paper notes bear interest based on the prevailing rates at the time of issuance.

We maintain an amended and restated revolving credit facility with aggregate commitments available for \$3.5 billion of total capacity. Outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility and term loan bear interest at a variable rate based on LIBOR or a base rate, plus, in each case, a specified margin based on our long-term debt rating in effect from time to time. There are no significant commitment fees and no compensating balance requirements on the revolving credit facility.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Investments (other than those included in settlement assets) with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to cash are considered to be cash equivalents. At September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, we held \$933 million and \$906 million in cash and cash equivalents, respectively.

The table below details the cash and cash equivalents at:

	September 30, 2021					_	December 31, 2020					
(In millions)	Domestic		International		Total			Domestic		International		Total
Available	\$ 276	\$	251	\$	527	:	\$	337	\$	177	\$	514
Unavailable (1)	39		367		406			57		335		392
Total	\$ 315	\$	618	\$	933	:	\$	394	\$	512	\$	906

⁽¹⁾ Represents cash held primarily by our joint ventures that is not available to fund operations outside of those entities unless the board of directors for said entities declares a dividend, as well as cash held by certain other entities that are subject to foreign exchange controls in certain countries or regulatory capital requirements.

Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic

The COVID-19 pandemic has created significant uncertainty as to general global economic and market conditions. We believe we have adequate capital resources and sufficient access to external financing sources to satisfy our current and reasonably anticipated requirements for funds to conduct our operations and meet other needs in the ordinary course of our business. However, as the impact of the pandemic on the economy and our operations further evolves, we will continue to assess our liquidity needs. The ability to continue to service debt and meet lease and other obligations as they come due depends on our continued ability to generate earnings and cash flows. A lack of continued recovery or further deterioration in economic and market conditions could materially affect our future access to our sources of liquidity, particularly our cash flows from operations.

We engage in regular communication with the banks that participate in our revolving credit facility. During these communications, none of the banks have indicated that they may be unable to perform on their commitments. We periodically review our banking and financing relationships, considering the stability of the institutions, pricing we receive on services, and other aspects of the relationships. Based on these communications and our monitoring activities, we believe the likelihood of one of our banks not performing on its commitment is remote. We maintain a U.S. commercial paper notes program to access funding for general corporate purposes at favorable rates and to provide a source of liquidity. As of September 30, 2021, we had a commercial paper credit rating of P-2 from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") and A-2 from Standard & Poor's Rating Services ("S&P). Any downgrade to our commercial paper credit ratings or instability in the commercial paper markets may adversely impact our ability to access funding through our commercial paper notes program and require us to rely more heavily on more expensive financing arrangements, including our revolving credit facility. In addition, the long-term debt markets have historically provided us with a source of liquidity.

Although we do not currently anticipate an inability to obtain financing from long-term debt markets in the future, the COVID-19 pandemic could make financing more difficult and/or expensive to obtain. Our ability to access the long-term debt markets on favorable interest rates and other terms also depends on the ratings assigned by the credit rating agencies to our indebtedness. As of September 30, 2021, we had a corporate credit rating of Baa2 with a stable outlook from Moody's and BBB with a stable outlook from S&P. In the event that the ratings of our outstanding long-term debt securities were substantially lowered or withdrawn for any reason, or if the ratings assigned to any new issue of long-term debt securities were significantly lower than those noted above, particularly if we no longer had investment grade ratings, our ability to access the debt markets could be adversely affected and our interest expense could increase under the terms of certain of our long-term debt securities.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk refers to the risk that a change in the level of one or more market prices, interest rates, currency exchange rates, indices, correlations or other market factors, such as liquidity, will result in losses for a certain financial instrument or group of financial instruments. We are exposed to certain market risks, primarily from fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. Our senior management actively monitors these risks.

Additional information about market risks to which we are exposed, including discussion of risks and potential risks of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business, is included within Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. There were no significant changes to our quantitative and qualitative analyses about market risk during the nine months ended September 30, 2021.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), our management, with the participation of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, evaluated the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on this evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2021.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There was no change in internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2021 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the normal course of business, we or our subsidiaries are named as defendants in lawsuits in which claims are asserted against us. In the opinion of management, the liabilities, if any, which may ultimately result from such lawsuits are not expected to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The table below sets forth information with respect to purchases made by or on behalf of us or any "affiliated purchaser" (as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Exchange Act) of shares of our common stock during the three months ended September 30, 2021:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs ⁽¹⁾	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ⁽¹⁾
July 1-31, 2021	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	55,488,000
August 1-31, 2021	2,079,400	113.39	2,079,400	53,408,600
September 1-30, 2021	1,151,300	112.02	1,151,300	52,257,300
Total	3,230,700		3,230,700	

⁽¹⁾ On November 19, 2020, our board of directors authorized the purchase of up to 60.0 million shares of our common stock. This authorization does not expire.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The exhibits listed in the accompanying exhibit index are filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Exhibit Index

Exhibit <u>Number</u>	Exhibit Description
10.1	Fisery, Inc. Executive Severance and Change of Control Policy effective August 10, 2021 (1)
10.2	Termination Agreement and Amendment, dated as of August 10, 2021, between Fisery, Inc. and Frank J. Bisignano (1)
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS*	Inline XBRL Instance Document - The XBRL Instance Document does not appear in the interactive data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL Document
101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

^{*} Filed with this quarterly report on Form 10-Q are the following documents formatted in iXBRL (Inline Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, (iii) the Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

⁽¹⁾ Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 12, 2021.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FISERV, INC.

Date: October 28, 2021 By: /s/ Robert W. Hau

Robert W. Hau

Chief Financial Officer

Date: October 28, 2021 By: /s/ Kenneth F. Best

Kenneth F. Best

Chief Accounting Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Frank J. Bisignano, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Fisery, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that
 material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during
 the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 28, 2021 By: /s/ Frank J. Bisignano

Frank J. Bisignano

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Robert W. Hau, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Fisery, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that
 material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during
 the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 28, 2021 By: /s/ Robert W. Hau

Robert W. Hau Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Fisery, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended September 30, 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Frank J. Bisignano, as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Robert W. Hau, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of his knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ Frank J. Bisignano

Frank J. Bisignano

President and Chief Executive Officer

October 28, 2021

By: /s/ Robert W. Hau

Robert W. Hau Chief Financial Officer October 28, 2021